

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVII.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1904.

NO. 35

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

Elton, Ill., April 18.—No butter was offered and no sales. Official market firm at 23c; last week 24 1/2c; last year 25c. Output of week, 446,000 lbs.

F. K. Sholliff was a Chicago passenger Tuesday morning.

New spring hats and shirts at Webb & Boylan's.

L. B. Grice was transacting business in Chicago Tuesday.

Tailor made suits, fit guaranteed at Webb & Boylan's.

Mrs. O. R. Shugart is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Wanted.—An apprentice girl at Miss Addie Schaffer's.

Born.—To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bryant on Monday, April 11 a boy.

Ready made suits sold from samples at Webb & Boylan's.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bates are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pullen.

Horse, buggy and harness for sale cheap. Inquire of Jacob King, Antioch. 38-4t

J. C. James, Jr. was transacting business in Chicago Monday.

The Honorable James Pollock was transacting business in Antioch Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ames of Waukegan, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. Ames of this place.

August Kaiser, of Parnell, Ill., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dales over Sunday.

Low Gullidge, who has spent the past winter in California, returned home the latter part of the week.

Write to Alden, Biding & Co., Waukegan, Ill. for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6t

Don't forget that we have several suits for men and boys that must be sold out to clear up the stock. Webb & Boylan.

On Friday of last week Alfred Horton left with his family for Chetek, Wis., where he purchased a farm some time ago.

Mrs. George Webb returned from her Oklahoma trip on Tuesday, and report having had a very enjoyable time.

For Sale.—A second hand upright piano. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office or of Will Pitman at Wm. Keulman's.

Do you like pretty stationery? If so, call at the News office and you will find just what you want in style, color and price.

Just received a car load of seed oats from South Dakota, thirty-four to thirty-six test. Call and see them. Barker Lumber Company. 35w2

Mr. David Lightner returned home Monday after having spent the winter with his daughter, Mrs. Lee Hill, at Sioux Rapids, Iowa.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society will meet with Mrs. S. J. Eakle, on Wednesday afternoon, April 27. Mrs. Nettie Welch, Sec'y.

Marsh Taylor, who for the past two years has held the position of clerk at the drug store, resigned his position there on Saturday last and on Monday left for Springfield, Mass.

For sale a good span of gentle mules, also two good farm mares, one in foal. Telephone on the Bristol line or write to George A. Shields, Bristol, Wis. 34w2

Miss Addie Schaffer was in Chicago Monday purchasing new millinery goods and in a few days expects to have on hand a full line of ladies and childrens summer hats in all the leading colors and styles.

Any one desiring lessons on either the piano, organ, violin, guitar or mandolin call at Prof. O. A. Linnerren's studio, at Antioch between the residences of Messrs Pullen and Sibley. Lessons 50 cents. Carefully selected instruments furnished at low prices. 34w3

The Ladies Aid concert given Wednesday evening by home talent assisted on the music by Prof. Linnerren, was well attended and well worth hearing, each and every selection was thoroughly enjoyed and appreciated by the audience, and the committee having the matter in charge are to be congratulated on their success.

There will be an anniversary service of the I. O. O. F. at the M. E. church Sunday afternoon, April 24 at two o'clock. All neighboring lodges are requested to be present and every one is cordially invited to attend. Rev. Wm. C. Cleworth assisted by Wm. R. Payne from Chicago will have charge of this service. O. F. Barthell, Sec'y.

At the election for school director held at the school house last Saturday evening there were two candidates in the field, O. M. Confer and E. C. Sabin. There were 109 votes cast of which O. M. Confer received 62 and E. C. Sabin 47.

Own brick house on West Side of Chicago, centrally located, in first class condition; equity in same \$2,700. Will exchange for farm property, prefer farm with out buildings. Bargain for the right party. Address E. Finko, 6405 Yale Ave., Chicago, Ill. 35w2

Messrs. Farmer and West, who have conducted the Waukegan Gazette for the past two years, have sold their interest to Messrs. B. A. Dunn and sons, Roland R. and Roy B. Dunn, who are well known in newspaper circles, and who will assume possession of the plant this week. Messrs. Farmer and West have been successful newspaper men and we regret to see them leave the journalistic field of Lake County, and where ever they go we wish them success.

Cans Must Be Sealed.

Milk cans shipped into Chicago will have to be sealed hereafter, if Alderman Dailey's sealed can ordinance becomes a law. It seems the city accuses farmers of applying the pump to their milk in many cases. The honest farmer contends that if water gets into the cans the railroad men are to blame, and the railroad men declare it must be it rains in the cans if the farmers are guilty, and the result is Alderman Dailey's famous sealed can ordinance, which provides a fine of \$10.00 to \$100. for the farmer who does not seal all his milk cans when they leave the farm. Let's find out who puts water in the cans says Mr. Dailey.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our thanks to those who composed the searching parties in quest of my husband, to the many kind friends and neighbors who assisted me in my recent sorrow. To the Woodmen for their services and to each and all who contributed flowers.

Mrs. George Davis, and family.

No Need of Clocks.

A Washingtonian who traveled in Alsace during the last summer relates that one day he came by chance to the little village of Kirschberg. As he approached the church he glanced up to see the time of day, but there was no clock to be seen. So he went to the village inn and asked the time, but the landlord had no clock or time-piece of any kind. "You see," he said, "we have no use for clocks. In the morning we go by the smoke rising from the chimney at the parsonage up on the hill. The parsonage people are very regular. We dine when dinner is ready. At 4 p. m. the whistle of the train coming from Massminster tells us that the time has come for another meal, and at night we know that it is time to go to bed when it is dark. On Sundays we go to church when the bell rings. Our parson is a very easy-going man; he doesn't mind beginning half an hour sooner or later."

Timing an Egg.

Cooks are often accused of want of method, but the Aunt Dinah in Howard Paul's new egg story is not open to any such reproach. Invariably when she put the eggs in the saucepan she began singing "Rock of Ages," and sang through two verses. "Aunt Dinah," asked Mr. Paul, "are there not three verses in that hymn?" "Dar is, massa, but I sings only two when I wants 'em soft and three when I wants 'em hard." His other egg story is good, too. He was traveling on a Pennsylvania railway, and when his breakfast was brought the eggs were underdone. "What time are we making on this train?" he asked the waiter. "A mile a minute, sir." "Then boil the eggs another mile and they'll be quite right."—London Truth.

Methuen and the Cabbie.

Lord Methuen recently unveiled the memorial in the chapel at Sherborne school to the old boys who fell in the South African war. Lord Methuen in his early days was a good boxer, and he once used these powers to good effect in defense of one of the fair sex, from whom an extortionate cabbie was demanding a very excessive fare. The cabbie became insolent to Lord Methuen, implying that he took advantage of his being perched up on his seat. "Come down," Lord Methuen said, "and we can soon settle that." It was not long before the cabbie had to ask for mercy, and was more than ready to apologize to the lady for his behavior.

Reset Temptations.

As the Sandwich Islander believes that the strength and valor of the enemy he kills passes into himself, so we gain the strength of the temptations we resist.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

THE VILLAGE ELECTION

THE REGULAR CAUCUS TICKET ELECTED

A Light Vote Polled and Very Little Enthusiasm Shown by the Voter for Either Ticket

The village election held Tuesday at the village hall was a quiet affair, although there was an opposition to the regular caucus ticket, but there being no president of the board up for election this year accounts, in a measure, for the light vote cast. The Peoples' Party ticket received 87 straight votes while the Independent ticket received 17.

The whole number of votes cast was 107 being 30 votes less than was cast last year. The following is the vote cast for each candidate:

PEOPLES' PARTY
For Trustees—
J. B. Burnett—78
John Sibley—72
Paul P. Ames—77
Joe Westlake—73

Village Clerk—
L. M. Hughes—84

Village Treasurer—
E. B. Williams—85

INDEPENDENT TICKET
By Petition

For Trustees—
DeWitt Stanton—85
John Welch—89
J. C. James, Jr.—82

Hill in Control.

The Democracy of New York favor the nomination for President of the United States of that distinguished Democrat and eminent jurist of our own state, Alton Brooks Parker; and the delegates selected by this convention are hereby instructed to present and support such nomination at the approaching national convention.

The said delegates are further instructed to act and vote as a unit in all matters pertaining to said convention, in accordance with the will of the majority of said delegates; and the said delegates are further authorized to fill any vacancy that which may arise from any cause in said delegation, in case of the absence of both the delegate and the alternate.

BEEF TEA NEW TO HIM.

Irishman Spoiled the Preparation by His Addition.

Orville and Wilbur Wright, the inventors of the most successful flying machine that has appeared thus far, live in Dayton, Ohio, where they conduct a bicycle factory.

An aged Irishman, a faithful employee of theirs for a number of years, was kept at home last month by illness. Orville Wright, a basket on his arm, visited the sick man one afternoon.

"Here John," he said, "are some dainties I have brought you. Here is some fruit; here is jelly; here is a tonic, fine for the aged, here is some superb beef tea."

"Beef tea, is it, son?" said the old man. "Shure, an' it shud be good, that beef tea. 'Tis a drink Ol niver thried before. Ol thank ye, son, for all ye've brought, but specially Ol thank ye for the fine beef tea."

In a week or two the Irishman was back at work. The day of his return, seeing him at his post, Mr. Wright asked him with a smile how he liked his beef tea.

"Shure, not a bit," said the old man, blantly.

"Why," said Mr. Wright, "beef tea is delicious if you heat it and add a little salt and pepper."

"Well, son, it may be good that way," said John. "But I put milk and sugar to it."—Los Angeles Times.

Pere Hyacinthe's Son a Playwright.

Paul Hyacinthe Lyson, son of the famous Pere Hyacinthe by his American wife, has had a play produced in one of the Paris theaters. When this young man was born a great noise was made about the event by newspapers. One writer said the new Gallian church had now risen in numbers to three—Pere Hyacinthe, his wife and the baby. Some time later there was Louis Vuilliot's witless when the baby's photograph was published, clutching at his scant shirt with his hands as if he would thus early imitate his father's example "and unhook himself."

Romance and Reality.

Chrisle (reading letter).—"To please you I would penetrate the pathless forest; I would traverse broad oceans and explore the unknown regions of the earth; I would ascend the loftiest peaks of the mightiest mountains and brave the raging torrents which pour down their precipitous sides; I would assail the Arctic ice-pack and, overcoming every obstacle, carve my way to the undiscovered pole. For you, dear, I would dare anything and everything."

"Oh, the brave boy!"
Continuing. "P. S.—I will come and see you to-morrow, weather permitting."

Threatens to Kill the Mayor of Waukegan.

Mayor W. W. Pearce was threatened with assassination by an unknown writer of a letter which he received Monday. The letter was signed "Beware" and says: "I will put a bullet through you some night on your way home and blow up your house and all that belongs to you with dynamite."

Mayor Pearce has received his annual assassination threat. Several years ago he was threatened with the "carbolic acid and the pistol treatment" and a year ago some one told him through an anonymous letter that, "If you do not beware, your wife will soon be a widow." Mayor Pearce states that the letter was evidently written by a man endeavoring to disguise his penmanship to make it appear it came from a woman.

"It is getting fierce," said the mayor, when they get beyond threatening to kill me and say that they will kill my family and destroy all my property. Heretofore I have paid little attention to such letters, believing that they came from those who had been arrested for some misdemeanor, but in this case I shall do all I can to bring the would be assassin to justice. I will place the matter in the hands of the post-office authorities at once.

J. C. James, Jr., for Representative.

We understand that J. C. James, Jr., of our village will enter the race for minority representative on the Democratic ticket, and that his name will be presented at the Lake County convention for endorsement for Lake County's choice for representative.

Joseph C. James, Jr., was born in the town of Antioch, Lake County, Ill., Aug. 8, 1863, and with the exception of seven years spent as telegraph operator, has resided in the county every since. Fifteen years ago he engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in this city and continued in that line of business until about two years ago when he sold out his furniture business and has since devoted his time to the undertaking, insurance and real estate business in connection with quite an extensive legal business, serving as justice of the peace to which office he was unanimously elected two years ago, and has readily adapted himself to the duties of the office to the satisfaction of all who have had legal matters adjusted in his court; has served as city clerk for several years and is well versed in all matters pertaining to that office. J. C., as he is familiarly known upon the streets, is an all around man, competent, energetic, reliable and honest; is a man of exemplary habits and resides with his family in this city, where he is known and respected by all. Mr. J. C. James, Jr., is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, the Masonic fraternity and the Modern Woodmen of America, having held the office of Consul of his home camp for nine years and attended the St. Paul head camp as a delegate from Lake County.

He was nominated on the Democratic ticket in 1902 as County Judge and made a good showing with the rest of the ticket.

Woman's Happiest Age.

When a girl is eighteen she thinks the best time of a woman's life must certainly be from eighteen to twenty-two. When she has passed her twentieth-second year she is decidedly of opinion that from then until the age of twenty-eight really marks the limits of the best time, and when thirty comes on the scene she is ready to give way to all those who believe a woman to be then at the zenith of her life.

It is generally maintained that after twenty-five the average woman begins to attain her physical and mental perfection, and that for some eight or ten years after this she still retains her charms undiminished. After this time, of course, it depends entirely upon the woman whether she chooses to advertise her years, or by her charming personality and clever dressing conceal all ravages of time.

To Boom Colorado.

A fund of \$25,000 is to be raised in Colorado to enable the Colorado promotion and publicity committee to fulfill its purpose of booming the state. Its first effort will be to prepare a book called "Scenic Colorado," which is promised to be among the handsomest of the kind ever published, and to include a description and illustration of every famous Colorado scene.

Rather Costly.

Hewitt—Talk is cheap.

Jewett—Oh, I don't know. I had some words with my mother-in-law, and then the old lady cut me out of her will.—Life.

Natural Flowers for Hats.

At a recent fashionable wedding in London the hats of the bridesmaids were trimmed with natural flowers; and it is predicted that the style will be popular.

DOINGS AT THE CAPITAL

THE EXPLOSION ON THE BATTLESHIP MISSOURI

The Chinese Question Looms Large and Yellow on the International Horizon

The week has been a very interesting one in Washington, politically, socially and sorrowfully. Many interesting speeches have been made in both houses of Congress, concerning important questions. Senators and Representatives who talk largely for political effect have had ample opportunity for doing so by presenting amendments to pending bills, denouncing the bills, and then voting for them with astonishing unanimity. This is very satisfactory to the Republicans, who have but to contain themselves with patience, remain good natured and see the opposition discreetly come to terms. Just now a favorite form of Democratic diversion is to keel-haul Grover Cleveland for all the misfortunes which have come to the Democratic party. He is denounced as the noblest Republican of them all. There must be a scapegoat, and the reviled ex-President is as good as any. Perhaps all this irritation is but material, since, as Congressman Hamilton of Michigan says: "Protection makes good times." And the happy and prosperous people are turning, almost to a man, to President Roosevelt as their leader for four more years. All the political news from the States which comes to the White House is reassuring and the President can well consider himself relieved of anxiety regarding his nomination and election. This gives him and his advisors time for the consideration of important and pressing questions.

The explosion on the Missouri, with the appalling resulting loss of life, caused great sorrow and perplexity among the officials of the government. It was very unfortunate in all of its aspects, especially so for Capt. Cowley who has just been severely criticized for the collision of his ship with the Illinois. While the Navy department was profoundly impressed with the news of the Russian war ship horror, and congratulating itself that such terrible accidents never occur in the American navy, there came upon the heels of this news the account of the Missouri explosion. The effect was stunning. The President at once started a subscription "to be used for the dependent kinsfolk of the enlisted men" who perished. The exact cause of the disaster may never be known. It is thought the affair was an unavoidable accident. There are those who suggest that the use of smokeless powder may have had something to do with the explosion. Its nature is not yet very well understood.

The Chinese question looms large and yellow on the international horizon, and Secretary Hay and Attorney General Knox are giving careful attention. The Chinese minister has plucked up courage enough to inform the President that if the present harsh laws against the Chinese are continued and enforced, reprisals upon the part of the least favored nation may be expected. So long as this state of things continues it is foolish to expect any considerable trade relations with China, and the open door will be closed. On the other hand Congressman Livernash of California, who represents labor, wants the exclusion act maintained, and so does the Federation of Labor. It is difficult to eat one's cake and keep it too. The government cannot please everybody, but in the last analysis must do justly and await the evolution of events.

Senator Morgan has again begun to discuss the whole Panama canal question, and at this writing is in the midst of the third day of his speech making. The opportunity was afforded by the consideration of the Canal Zone Government Bill. The proposition is to give the zone a civil government and confer upon the Commissioners the pardoning power. Mr. Morgan argues that a military government would be much better and more in harmony with the eternal fitness of things. He takes the ground that the zone is a military reservation, policed by U. S. soldiers, and that the Commissioners should devote their best energies to the construction of the canal, relieved of all collateral matters. There is much good sense in this view of the matter. But will men be willing to work under military law? Can civilians be compelled to do this? Why not get enlisted men to work upon the canal?

Local Market Report.

Oats.....40c
Corn—70 lbs. ear.....\$1.00
Hay.....\$7.00 @ \$12.00
Wheat.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Rye.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Barley.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Middlings.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Grist.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.....\$1.25
Chicken Feed Wheat.....\$1.20
Hogs—Live weight.....\$5.00
Hogs—Dressed.....\$5.75
Poultry.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Ducks.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Geese.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Chickens—Live weight.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20

OBITUARY.

John A. Ibbester was born in Cook county, Illinois, in 1847, and moved to Lake county in 1855 where he lived with his parents until the year of the Civil war.

In the year 1863, when he was only 16 years of age, he enlisted in the 89th Reg. Illinois Volunteer Infantry, and served as a faithful soldier until the close of the war. The 89th Ill. Reg. was of the few western regiments that saw service in connection with the army of the Potomac. He was in nearly all the engagements under Gen. U. S. Grant until the surrender of Gen. Robert E. Lee at Appomattox, Va., April 9, 1865. He received his honorable discharge as a good and faithful soldier at the muster out of his regiment and returned to his home on the old farm.

In the year 1879 he was married to Miss Harriet Anthony and moved on the farm he purchased of Mrs. James Parker situated in the town of Avon. He lived here a prosperous farmer, as happy a couple as could be found until the year 1898. Then sorrow came into their hearts when the death angel entered his home and called from him his beloved wife. Fourteen beautiful years of wedded life and love had passed, but now he was alone. Only those who knew him best understood how heavily this blow fell upon him. He soon after rented his farm and moved to Chicago, where he has since lived and where he died on Friday morning, April 15, in his 57th year.

He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, Mary R. of Evanston, one brother, James Ibbester, and one sister, Mrs. Jerome Burnett, both of Antioch.

Comrade John A. Ibbester was known as a man of most generous disposition. No stranger would ever be turned away from his door hungry or uncared for. He was a faithful and loving husband, a kind and indulgent father, a generous friend, an obliging and helpful neighbor and a man who was beloved by all who knew him.

Funeral services were held on Monday last at the home of Mr. E. H. Wilton to whose house the body had been brought from Chicago. A large number of old friends and neighbors attended the services conducted by Rev. James V. Lee, pastor at Lake Villa, who at the time of the comrades of the G. A. R. assembled around the casket of the deceased soldier and citizen and appropriately addressed. The burial was in the beautiful cemetery where his body was laid to await the resurrection morning.

CARRIES HIS BED CLOTHES.

The Odd Request Made by a Traveler at a Louisville Hotel.

"A room, please, with bath and without bed clothes," said Harrison Grant Jackson as he walked into the office of the Willard Hotel.

"I beg your pardon, sir. I don't quite understand," said Clerk Claude Brown.

"Well, my proposition is simple enough. Give me a room with bath and without sheets or feather bed."

Mr. Jackson is a tall, thin, antiquated gentleman of many years. He looks strange, and is strange.

The reason for his peculiar desires in the way of rooms and trappings is easily explained. In his own words, Mr. Jackson tells his story:

"Fourteen years ago I wrapped myself up in the dirty covers of a bed in a little town in Tennessee. Tired and sleepy, I soon began to doze, but my slumbers were doomed to be neither long nor peaceful, for presently I heard something moving about in the feather bed on which I was sleeping. It was a mouse. In my anger I ripped open the whole bed stuff and found a whole bunch of mice."

"I had to stay in that town for weeks. I was distressed, and in my woe I went out and bought a feather bed, a lot of sheets and pillows. From that day to this I have carried those bed clothes with me. I carry big trunks, and in the bottom of one of these trunks I tuck away my bed clothes when traveling. When I retire I know just what I am wrapping around me. Say, do you know that's a grand luxury?"—Louisville Herald.

Jews Become Christians.

According to a correspondent of the Jewish Chronicle, 224,000 Jews were converted to Christianity in the nineteenth century. The large majority became Catholics.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

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Rye.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Barley.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Middlings.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Grist.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.....\$1.25
Chicken Feed Wheat.....\$1.20
Hogs—Live weight.....\$5.00
Hogs—Dressed.....\$5.75
Poultry.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Ducks.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Geese.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20
Chickens—Live weight.....\$1.00 @ \$1.20

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.
EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Col. Marshall, who in an open letter concerning his transfer of resignation from the French army declared that he had been shamed and was suffering from military ostracism, has been placed under arrest. He will be confined for thirty days.

Edwin P. Hoyt, a trusted employee of the Chemical National Bank in New York for twenty-two years, disappeared from his home several days ago. Investigation of his accounts discloses that they are out of balance to the extent of \$22,538.97.

The New Orleans Railways Company has been awarded the franchise for lighting the city of New Orleans with electricity for ten years, beginning Sept. 30, 1905. This ends the fight for municipal ownership in New Orleans begun over three years ago.

The Nubor-Fuene (train, conveying King Edward and Queen Alexandra from Copenhagen) on their way to London, was derailed when passing the steam ferry running from the island of Zealand to the island of Fuenen. Their majesties sustained no damage.

Judge Alton B. Parker was named by the New York State Democratic convention as its choice for the presidency by a vote of 301 to 140. The unit rule was adopted in spite of the opposition of Tammany, although the tiger is given one of the delegates at large.

The coal operators and miners signed an agreement in Des Moines, under the terms of which Iowa mines will be operated for the two years ending April 1, 1905. The scale was finally ratified by the miners' branch of the joint conference by a vote of 139 to 140. The miners returned to work.

George Clauser, aged 40; Edith M. Metzler, aged 15, and Stella Kuehn, aged 17, were struck and instantly killed by a Reading Railroad passenger train near their home near Meunier, Pa. Miss Metzler's sister Annie saved her life by jumping aside. The party had been walking on the tracks.

When the battleship Texas steamed into Pensacola harbor Friday she held the world's championship for fast and accurate work with her guns. In ten minutes, with her forward 12-inch gun she fired eleven shots, each hitting the target. With her aft 12-inch piece she fired eleven shots in ten minutes, ten of which went true.

Judge James Phelan in Detroit discharged the jury in the murder trial of George W. Parker, dismissed the entire present panel of 200 jurors drawn for the recorder's court and ordered 150 new talesmen drawn. Judge Phelan denounced the employment of men to ascertain the sentiments of talesmen before cases came to trial.

The clubs of the National League now stand thus:

W. L.	W. L.
New York... 4	0 St. Louis... 2 2
Chicago... 2	2 Boston... 2 2
Pittsburg... 2	2 Brooklyn... 1 3
Cincinnati... 2	2 Philadelphia... 1 3

The table below shows how matters stand in the American League:

W. L.	W. L.
Philadelphia... 0	0 Detroit... 2 2
Boston... 3	1 New York... 1 3
Cleveland... 3	1 St. Louis... 1 3
Chicago... 2	2 Washington... 0 3

Peter Niedemeyer, the leader of the Chicago car barn bandits, condemned to die on the gallows, made two desperate attempts at suicide. Niedemeyer had planned carefully, but was unsuccessful. First he masticated and swallowed the heads of seventy-five or 100 sulphur matches. While the phosphorus was burning his stomach he saved at the radial artery of his left wrist with a sharp-pointed lead pencil. Striking a bone in the wrist, he gave up trying to sever the artery and turned his weapon to the large veins on the outer side of the left forearm and with jabs and a saw-saw motion he lacerated the flesh and muscles of the arm and tore open the veins, leaving a large jagged wound exposed, through which the blood gushed in streams, dyeing his bed clothing and running down over the cell floor in pools. His second attempt came after the wound had been dressed and closed by Dr. J. J. McNamee. Niedemeyer was lying apparently unconscious in the hospital under a guard's care. His right arm and hand were hidden by the bed clothing and with hardly a discernible motion, he slipped the bandages off his left arm and with his sharp finger nails attempted to tear away the threads in the wound, but he was prevented from doing it.

BREVITIES.

In Kansas City a duel between George Waring, son of the city health officer, and William West, a negro, resulted in the death of the negro and thirteen knife wounds on Waring's body.

Jenoumy made Mrs. C. J. Stone of Ogden, Utah, poison her husband and then commit suicide in the same way. The bodies of both were found in a room, together with letters indicating the manner of death.

In a head-on collision between two passenger trains on the Cincinnati, Lebanon and Northern Railroad at Blue Ash, Ohio, one man was killed and two seriously injured. James Baker, engineer, was killed.

The United States is arranging for the payment to Cuba of \$137,000, which amount was incurred by Cuba in purchasing private properties within the sites of the United States naval stations at Guantanamo and Bahia Honda.

The midwinter dances of the Nome Indians have resulted in burying alive a number of their female offspring. Moved by an inherent dislike for girls and also by some strange superstition, the savages buried the daughters of their people when only one week old.

The opening game of the baseball season in Peterson, N. J., in which the Washington Nationals and the Tidewater of the Hudson River League were opponents, was marred by the collapsing of the bleacher seats. Five hundred persons were thrown to the ground and more than thirty were hurt.

EASTERN.

John Oakley, alias Lawrence Gibson, of Philadelphia, confessed to the murder of John Thomas, a watchman.

Exposition Hall in Philadelphia, where the Republican national convention of 1890 met, collapsed, injuring several workmen.

Because William Justin, a small boy, would not refuse a dare, he fell in front of a passenger train at Dunshire, Pa., and was cut to pieces.

Clyde Ore, 85 years old, who falls from Wisconsin, shot and killed Addie Blossom, 25 years old, in Batavia, N. Y., and then killed himself.

Frank A. Munsey, after trying for more than two years to make a success of the New York Daily News, admits defeat and will retire within a month.

George W. Downing, aged 48, and Charles M. George, 24, fought a duel in the boarding house of Mrs. Almsworth in Pittsburg, which resulted in the death of Downing.

Samuel Andrews, partner with John D. Rockefeller and Henry M. Flagler in the creation of the Standard Oil Company, died at the Hotel Brighton in Atlantic City, of pneumonia.

The large flouring mill of the Miner-Hillard Company at Miner's Mills, near Wilkesboro, Pa., was totally destroyed by fire, together with two grain elevators and two houses. Loss, \$150,000.

The car barn and paint shop of the International Traction Company at Cold Springs, N. Y., together with a number of cars, were burned. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, covered by insurance.

Mrs. Roosevelt, accompanied by her two sons, Theodore, Jr., and Kermit, returned to Washington from Groton, Mass., where the Roosevelt boys have been attending school. Both boys have the mumps.

The first trip through the New York subway in a regulation motor car with passengers was made Wednesday from 125th street to a point downtown, August Belmont and John B. McDonald, with twenty other persons, were aboard.

In a battle at Hazleton, Pa., in broad daylight with five highwaymen John Gaffney, aged 18, shot and killed two of his assailants and put the others to flight. He carried \$3,000 for the payroll of the G. B. Markle Coal Company.

George E. Hodgdon was arrested in Boston, charged with embezzling \$15,000 from the Bigelow Carpet Company and \$14,000 from the Clinton Wire Company. Hodgdon was bookkeeper for Charles E. Fairbanks, who is treasurer of both companies.

Investigation of the Federal Bank of New York, which closed its doors the other day, revealed that a woman 60 years old determined all the bank's credits and discounts and that the institution had loaned funds lavishly on scant security.

Miss Eleanor Patterson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Patterson of Chicago and Washington, and Count Joseph Gizeki of Russia were married at the Patterson family residence in Washington. The couple later left for New York, whence they sail for Paris.

After months of experimenting the chemists of the Department of Agriculture in Washington are nearly ready to announce that they have a preparation guaranteed to annihilate the germ of typhoid fever. The formula will not be made public for several weeks, but the department has concluded that at last it has discovered the real enemy of the typhoid germ. The department's preparation will be given to any one who may apply for it when it is decided to make it public. All cities and towns provided with drinking water from a common reservoir will be given the formula, so that it may be applied in a manner affecting the whole community.

WESTERN.

Daniel Kis of Cleveland drank a quart of whisky on a bet, and it killed him.

Senator William A. Clark fears he may have tuberculosis, and he is going to Germany to consult a specialist.

Twelve prisoners confined in the military guardhouse in Des Moines escaped by sawing their way out with a case knife.

In a class rush between Nelson and Willis business colleges in Springfield, Ohio, Edward Stumpf shot William Circle because he snatched away his colors.

Amar Nath, an Indian prince from Lahore, was knocked from a horse and probably fatally injured in Lafayette, Ind. Nath is a junior student at Purdue University.

Fire of unknown origin gutted the Commercial Hotel, a three-story brick building and an old landmark in Monroeville, Ohio. Barney Sickinger, a guest, was suffocated.

Rena Johnson, the 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, residents of Sioux Falls, S. D., is dead as the result of a chunk of bologna lodging in her windpipe.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour of Chicago have started for Vienna with their daughter, Lolita, who will be taught the art of walking by Prof. Lorenz, who operated on her hip.

Theodore Denker, the last of the men who kered on the jury which convicted the Haymarket anarchists in Chicago, died April 8, an inmate of the State insane asylum at Elgin.

In Salt Lake, Utah, a nail was drawn from a point close to the heart of Louise Cherry, aged 10 months, by means of an electro magnet. The child swallowed the nail two weeks before.

The recent arrest of four boys in Hammond, Ind., for robbery to secure money for gambling, has prompted Dr. J. P. Hearst to preach a sermon condemning card playing for prizes.

The will of the late Rev. Charles Stroud, filed for probate in Springfield, Ohio, bequeathed the entire estate, valued at \$300,000, to Wittenberg College, a large Lutheran institution there.

Judge Palmer, in the criminal division of the District Court in Denver, decided that there is no punishment prescribed by statute in that State to fit the fraud at the recent charter elections.

The plea that her husband snored so loudly that she could not sleep did not suffice to secure a divorce for Mrs. Albert Phenix of Omaha, and her application was refused by the authorities.

Harry McAleer, who in 1880 murdered Frank Evans, a Horton (Kan.) man, was arrested in Fort Scott on the street, and made a full confession. Remorse of conscience caused him to confess, he said.

The Froquois Theater in Chicago has

been sold to Rich & Harris of New York and Boston. The playhouse will be reconstructed, refurbished and opened early next fall as a vaudeville theater under another name.

John Bennett, a negro, aged 25, was electrocuted at the annex of the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus for the murder of his wife at Oberlin, Ohio, last December, because she had left him and refused to be reconciled.

The St. Louis Court of Appeals has decided that when hot tea causes persons who drink it to become intoxicated, the presumption that hot tea is beer is strong enough to warrant a conviction of the person selling it without a license.

A prairie fire started near Brewster, Neb., and swept across the country eastward, extending across Loup County and into Garfield, burning all the range between the North Loup and the Calamus rivers, a distance twenty miles in width.

Mayor Jones of Toledo, the "golden rule advocate," has made the employees of the S. M. Jones Company a gift of 10,000 worth of stock of the company. The gift is a clean present, the Mayor stating that there are "no strings" to it.

One woman is dead and six more were probably fatally hurt in a fire panic in St. Vincent's hospital at Indianapolis. Rescue of the endangered invalids was marked by many acts of heroism. The Occidental Hotel also was destroyed by flames.

H. T. Wilson, chairman of the board of public safety and a prominent attorney of Akron, Ohio, committed suicide at his home by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. It is supposed that financial troubles caused him to take his life.

In Duluth, Minn., Miss Anna Pease, a nurse, wrapped an infant of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hoyt in cotton after saturating it with carbolic acid by mistake for sweet oil. The child died, and Miss Pease attempted suicide with the acid that was left.

The shortage of \$18,000 charged against George F. Clewell of the assigned Federal Trust Company of Cleveland has been paid over to the officials of that company and it is understood that when Clewell's trial is called no prosecution will be made.

Immense deluges are being caused near Hornbrook, Cal., by the bursting of a mountain lake. The Southern Pacific tracks are covered with mud and rocks for a great distance. Ten trains are stalled as a result of the deluge and fully 600 passengers are delayed.

The miners and operators of the four Iowa districts arrived at an agreement in Des Moines. The agreement, which is regarded as a complete victory for the operators, will have the effect of placing in operation at once all the mines in the State, employing more than 14,000 men.

Louis Pesant, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary Spilkin, Sept. 18 last, explained his crime on the gallows in the Cook County jail in Chicago. He walked to the trap with a steady face, but with a quiver of a muscle to show the ordeal through which he was passing.

Salvatore Franchesch, whose trial for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Joe Lazari at Menderville, Mont., on June 25 last ended the other day, was found guilty of murder in the second degree and his sentence fixed at ninety-nine years in the penitentiary by the jury. Both men were Italians.

More than 2,500 persons have been converted to Christianity as a result of the evangelistic meetings held in Chicago during the last four weeks under the direction of the evangelistic committee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, according to leaders of the work there.

Summoned by an angel, Mrs. Josie Fuller died in Fairview, Utah. Twice she received a call. Twice she begged for more time. At last she answered the summons. Mrs. Fuller was neither a Spiritualist nor a Mormon, but claimed to be imbued with divine revelation. She was a Baptist.

Because his age would not permit him to saw and split wood as rapidly as he did in his youth, William King, 85 years old, worth \$800,000, cut his throat with a razor in Portland, Ore. The sharp edge of the steel caused him to involuntarily throw his head back, and that may have his life.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the Secretary of State in Pierre, S. D., for the National Farmers' Exchange, with South Dakota headquarters at Pierre and offices in Chicago, and a capital of \$50,000,000. This corporation has for its purpose co-operation in the handling of all products of the farms.

Roy Martin, aged 17 years, a high school boy of Kansas City, Kan., was shot and killed by a negro boy named Gregory. Martin, with his schoolmates was playing ball, when Gregory and other negro boys made insulting remarks. The white boys resented this and Gregory drew a revolver and fired into the crowd.

The Ohio Legislature has agreed upon a compromise on the Brannock district local option bill for municipalities, and it will be signed by the Governor. The bill provides for local option elections by districts in municipalities on petition of 40 per cent of the electors. When an election is held the result will control for a period of two years.

The Rev. John Jackson, a minister of Denton, Texas, kidnapped his own baby at Clay Center, Kan. He was captured by the sheriff after a three-mile race and the baby restored to its mother. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson had separated and she recently returned to the home of her parents. Formerly he was pastor of a Methodist Episcopal Church at Topeka.

Walter Brown, prominent in business and politics in northern Indiana and for several years a member of the Republican State committee from the nineteenth district, was found guilty of complicity in wrecking the Indiana National Bank at Elkhart. President Brodick and Cashier Collins of the bank have pleaded guilty, but Brown will fight for a new trial.

The rush to the oil fields of Kansas takes thousands of investors west every month, and the lack of hotel accommodations is proving one of the problems of the situation. Some towns have metropolitan hostilities which are superior to cities of their size, and there are enjoying a tremendous trade. A new hotel at one place was opened for business before the interior was finished, the traveling public clamoring for bed and board without regard to artistic furnishings.

John A. Sheridan, former member of the St. Louis house of delegates, whose appeal from the verdict in a lower court

convicting him in the boodle cases is before the Supreme Court, and Thomas E. Kinney were arrested and are held in connection with the assault on Charles O'Brien, editor and publisher of the American Celt, who is dead. O'Brien was found unconscious the other night. He suffered from concussion of the brain, and as complications arose the physicians had little hope of his recovery.

Alexander Guy was arrested in Chillicothe, Ohio, charged with an atrocious murder. The authorities allege that he committed a murderous assault upon his wife, and after fracturing her skull and breaking her ribs poured coal oil upon the body and set fire to it in order to conceal the crime. Guy ran to a neighbor's, crying that his wife was burning to death, but the coroner's examination disclosed the truth.

The tug Frank Canfield, owned by the Canfield Tug Line of Manitowish, Mich., ran aground on the outer bar at Point Sable and was sunk. Captain Henry Smith, Engineer Charles Koper and Helper William Justmann were lost. Charles Smith and Gustave Szustitzky, mate and fireman, were saved by the use of the life raft. The Canfield was valued at \$5,000. It is a total wreck. Captain Smith and Engineer Koper were residents of Manitowish and leave families. Justmann was not married.

A gasoline explosion at the Cadillac automobile works, at Cass and Amsterdam avenues, Detroit, caused a fire that damaged the plant to the extent of \$200,000. The loss is covered by insurance.

Four employees were injured. The flames spread with such rapidity that a number of the 600 men employed at the plant were compelled to slide down telegraph poles outside the buildings and to jump from windows. Several machines in process of construction were destroyed. The company's warehouse is situated across the street from the manufacturing plant and this was not injured.

Senator Dietrich of Nebraska has been declared by a special committee of Congress to be not guilty of any violation of the statutes of the United States or of any corrupt or unworthy conduct relating either to the appointment of Jacob Fisher as postmaster at Hastings, Neb., or the leasing of the building in that city to the United States for a postoffice. The committee which investigated the charges against Senator Dietrich was composed of Senators Hoar, Platt of Connecticut, Spooner, Cockrell and Pettus. Three members of the committee are Republicans and two Democrats. The report is unanimous.

Earl Colman, aged 15 years, has returned to his home in Marion, Ind., with a bride. He mysteriously disappeared on March 25. Since that time nothing has been heard from him. Colman's wife is Julia Clark, aged 18 years. The bridegroom was employed at Marion. She is a girl of great beauty and has many personal charms. Colman is even smitten for his age. The girl's home is in Sullivan, Ind., and since his departure from the city young Colman says he has been visiting at her home. Young Colman is very poor and has never done any work. He has no trade and no one to assist him in supporting a wife.

FOREIGN.

An anarchist attempted to take the life of Premier Maura of Spain at Barcelona by stabbing, but failed, and was arrested.

Hadi Mohammed Bui Abdullah, the Mad Mullah, against whom the British have been conducting a campaign in Somaliland, has escaped into Italian territory.

Twelve thousand Japanese troops, landing near Wiju, are reported ambushed by the Russians and driven back to their ships with great loss of life and ammunition.

Vassil Verestehaghi, the Russian painter, was Vice Admiral Makaroff's guest on the Petrovavlovsk when the Russian battleship sank off Port Arthur. It is reported that he was lost with the ship.

The English House of Commons took action which is frankly admitted to be a warning to Russia to keep out of Tibet by sanctioning the use of Indian troops in connection with the political mission into Tibet.

A cable report says that the imperial palace at Seoul, Korea, has been destroyed by fire. The fire began in the evening and lasted throughout the night. Only the ruins of the palace remain. The Emperor and his suite succeeded in escaping to a nearby refuge.

The Russian battleship Petrovavlovsk was sunk off Port Arthur by a mine or torpedo and 800 of her crew, including Vice Admiral Makaroff, drowned. Grand Duke Cyril, in line to the Russian throne, escaped death, but is reported seriously injured. The Russian fleet was being driven back by the Japanese squadron when the Petrovavlovsk was sunk.

IN GENERAL.

Periodical books are barred from privilege of cheap newspaper postage by the Supreme Court decision. The dispute is of twenty years' standing.

A tremendous avalanche of snow and rocks overwhelmed a work train on the Canadian Pacific Railroad near Glacier, Man. The cars were swept from the tracks and Trainmaster Duville and a number of workmen were buried in the debris.

Andrew Carnegie has established a "hero fund" of \$5,000,000 to reward those in peaceful vocations who perform heroic acts, for the relief of those injured in efforts to save human life, and to care for and educate the families of those who sacrifice their own lives for others.

The battleship Missouri and the 600 men on board were saved after the explosion Wednesday by the heroism of a gunner's mate, who, seeing the flames threatening the powder magazine below decks, jumped into the magazine and closed the door. The dead now number thirty-three.

Twenty-seven State Legislatures, comprising all the States in the Mexican republic, having ratified the new constitutional amendments extending the presidential term from four to six years and creating the office of vice president, Congress will now formally declare that the organic law has been thus amended.

Twenty-nine men were killed instantly on the United States battleship Missouri at target practice off Pensacola, Fla., by an explosion of powder in one of the turrets. Hasty firing is believed by naval officers to have been the cause of the explosion, which is the most disastrous in the history of the navy with the exception of the blowing up of the Maine.

CONGRESS

Upon the request of Mr. Fairbanks the Senate Wednesday ordered printed as a public document the last speech of President McKinley at Buffalo. A bill providing for opening the old Fort Abraham Lincoln military reservation in North Dakota was passed, after which consideration of the bill for government of the Panama canal zone was taken up. The greater part of the day was occupied by Mr. Morgan in support of an amendment offered by himself, none of which was accepted, and the bill was read half through section by section. Under special rule the House devoted the day to consideration of the Cooper bill amending the law relating to the Philippine Islands. The provision in the bill in reference to the granting of railroad franchises and the guaranteeing of 5 per cent on the cash capital actually invested in such railroads was opposed by Mr. Jones of Virginia, who alleged that English and Belgian capitalists were ready to build the roads without such guarantee.

The Senate devoted almost the entire day Thursday to the bill for the government of the Panama canal zone. Mr. Morgan's resolution calling on the Attorney General for information on the contract for the purchase of the canal was referred. In executive session the nomination of W. D. Crum to be collector of customs at Charleston, S. C., came up, and went over out of consideration for Mr. Tillman, who was unable to speak because of illness. A resolution was adopted authorizing the lowering of government dams in the Illinois river. The Senate accepted the invitation to attend the opening of the world's fair and provided for representation. The House passed the Philippine bill by a vote of 139 to 123. W. A. Smith of Michigan voting with the Democrats. In the debate Mr. Williams of Illinois predicted great scandals from the administration of the measure. A resolution to permit Col. W. W. Symons of the engineer corps of the army to serve as consulting engineer on internal improvement in the State of New York was passed after bitter opposition by several members. Mr. Hamilton (Mich.) discussed capital and labor and Mr. Cochran (Mo.) criticized the "usurpation of the legislative power by the executive." The postoffice appropriation bill was sent to conference.

The closing hour of the session of the Senate Friday was collected by a speech by Mr. Bailey on the subject of civil service. In plain terms he declared himself against the "iridescent dream" of civil service and avowed himself a spoilsman. Mr. Hale spoke in accord with much that Mr. Bailey said, but added that Congress could not be induced to change the law even though convinced that it should be changed. The Panama canal bill occupied the major portion of the day and was passed without division. It was amended so that all salaries or other compensation fixed by the commission shall be subject to the approval of the President. The postoffice appropriation bill was referred to a conference committee. The House passed the Mann bill ordering the lowering of the Chicago river tunnels. Consideration of the general deficiency bill was resumed and the President's recent pension order was attacked by Mr. Underwood (Ala.). The President also was criticized by Mr. Hay (Va.).

The entire day in the Senate Saturday was given to the consideration of a bill for the modification of the agreement with the Indians of the Devil's Lake reservation in North Dakota for the sale of their lands. Messrs. Dubois and Teller opposed the bill because it did not provide for the acquisition of the lands in the reservation under the homestead law, and it was defeated by Messrs. Ham-brough, McCumber and others. No decision was reached. Mr. Morgan called up his resolution for the discharge of the committee on interpenetrating canals from consideration of a resolution of inquiry concerning the Panama canal, introduced recently, but his resolution was voted down. A partial report from the conference on the naval appropriation bill was received and further conference ordered. The routine work on the general deficiency bill was nearly completed in the House. Preceding this the District of Columbia was legislated for in several minor matters. The feature of the session was a speech of criticism on "Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican Presidential Candidate," by Mr. Patterson (Conn.). A bill was passed to validate certain homestead entries and extend the time to make final proofs thereon.

The Senate Monday continued consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill, but did not conclude it. Several bills were passed. Mr. Dooliver introduced a resolution directing the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to make a report showing contributions of the Federal Government since 1900 with the so-called trusts and combines. The House passed the last of the supply bills of the government, the general deficiency appropriation measure, after a stormy session, which lasted until after 8 o'clock. The contest was a party one over the deficiency appropriation for pensions, which the Democrats ineffectively tried to amend by incorporating as a law the recent executive age disability pension order. They finally secured a roll call, after the Speaker had declined to recognize Mr. Moon, who had introduced the measure, but when the vote had been taken all further opposition ceased and the bill was passed. Mr. Hitt's Chinese exclusion bill was accepted without objection. The conference report on the army appropriation bill was agreed to.

In the National Capital. The internal revenue tax of 6 cents a pound on leaf tobacco is eliminated by the terms of a bill on which favorable action was taken by the internal revenue sub-committee of the House on ways and means.

A pathetic message came over the cable to the State Department from United States Consul Lee at Bombay, India, as follows: "Daughter dead; plague; wife attacked." Mr. Lee is a native of Ohio and was appointed in 1899. Henry Dodge of New York is vice consul at Bombay.

Old Time Carving Terms.

In an old number of a magazine is sued more than a century ago we lighted upon a list of different terms used at "tables of elegance" in the days when Queen Charlotte came as the bride of the young and handsome King. From this list it would appear that nothing in the way of game was to be carved. The correct phrase was to "cut up" a turkey, to "rear" a goose, to "unlace" a hare or rabbit, to "wing" a partridge, to "dismember" a heron, to "thigh" a woodcock, to "display" a crane and to "lift" a swan. Beef and mutton were "carved," of course, and the sporting men prided themselves by using sporting terms when the spool of their morning's work made its final appearance on the table.

1901-1904.

Nelkoma, Ill., April 18.—Away back in 1901 Mr. Albert E. Larson of this place was suffering with kidney disease and backache. The pain he was called upon to endure was very great and rendered his life almost a burden to him. He heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills and began to use them, and almost at once he began to get better. He had been unable to work, but Dodd's Kidney Pills soon made him able to go to work again. He used the remedy till he was completely cured. He says he has grown stronger year by year since he got rid of his old trouble.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills certainly gave me a complete and permanent cure, for I have felt stronger since I used them in 1901 than ever before. I can do harder work now in 1904 than I could last year. I cannot praise Dodd's Kidney Pills enough. I would not be without them in the house."

Strictly Honest.

Housekeeper—Half the things you wash are torn to pieces.
Washerwoman—Yes, mmm; but when a thing is torn to bits or more pieces, mmm, I count them as only one piece, mmm.

Why Pills Grip.

Just because they contain harsh and drastic drugs, with nothing to modify their violent action. If in need of a laxative, you will obtain satisfactory results by taking Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin. "Corrective," not a "cathartic" laxative. Its action is gentle, it assists nature to put the stomach and bowels in normal condition and never sickens; children, as well as grown people, love it for its pleasant taste. The soothing action of the pepsin makes the digestive process perfect. Try it and you will wonder why you never have before. All druggists sell it. 50c and \$1.00 sizes.

Newest Fashionable Pet.

Strange are the pets that London "fashion" compels its followers to keep, and various as they are strange. A new Cuban poodle was the rage a few months back. A special canny follows. Now it is a fish again, and the strangest of fish at that. The goldfish will have to look to its laurels, otherwise it will most certainly be superseded in popularity by the devil fish, a most quaint-looking reptile, for which, a leading dealer states, there have been innumerable demands of late.

The real home of this fish is Mexico, and owing to its being somewhat rare the cost of a devilfish is considerably higher than that of the goldfish, which can be bought for a few pence, while the price of its rival varies from five to ten shillings. A curious characteristic of the devilfish is that it almost invariably remains at the bottom of its bowl or tank, and it is most unusual to see it swimming about. Unlike its golden-scaled relation, it does not demand a frequent change of water in its home, but will live quite well in the same water for weeks together, while its taste in the matter of food is not hard to please, for a devilfish likes nothing better than a very small worm. As a general rule London dealers sell these fish by pairs.—London Daily Mail.

CAME FROM COFFEE.

A Case Where the Taking of Morphine Began with Coffee.

"For 15 years," says a young Ohio woman, "I was a great sufferer from stomach, heart and liver trouble. For the last 10 years the suffering was terrible; it would be impossible to describe it. During the last three years I had convulsions, from which the only relief was the use of morphine.

"I had several physicians, nearly all of whom advised me to stop drinking tea and coffee, but as I could take only liquid foods I felt I could not live without coffee. I continued drinking it until I became almost insane, my mind was affected, while my whole nervous system was a complete wreck. I suffered day and night from thirst, and as water would only make me sick I kept on trying different drinks until a friend asked me to try Postum Food Coffee.

"I did so, but it was some time before I was benefited by the change, my system was so filled with coffee poison. It was not long, however, before I could eat all kinds of foods and drink all the cold water I wanted and which my system demands. It is now eight years I have drunk nothing but Postum for breakfast, and the result has been that in place of being an invalid with my mind affected I am now strong, sturdy, happy and healthy.

"I have a very delicate daughter who has been greatly benefited by drinking Postum, also a strong boy who would rather go without food for his breakfast than his Postum. So much depends on the proper cooking of Postum, for unless it is boiled the proper length of time people will be disappointed in it. Those in the habit of drinking strong coffee should make the Postum very strong at first in order to get a strong coffee taste." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

GREAT SEA BATTLE

Russian Ship Petropavlovsk Sunk
with All on Board.

MAKAROFF IS DEAD.

Czar's Losses Are Reported to Reach
Into the Hundreds.

Russia Loses First-Class Battleship and
Her Naval Commander Is Drowned—
One of the Reports Was to the Effect
that the Big War Craft Struck a Mine
Placed by the Czar's Own Men—Grand
Duke Cyril Wounded.

Official dispatches received at the
Czar's palace in St. Petersburg Wednes-
day told of the severest blow to Rus-
sian arms since the beginning of the
war. The first-class battleship Petropavlovsk
was sunk at Port Arthur, Vice-Admiral
Makarov went down with his
ship, and only four
officers escaped.
Grand Duke Cyril,
one of the two mem-
bers of the imperial
family at the front,
was wounded.

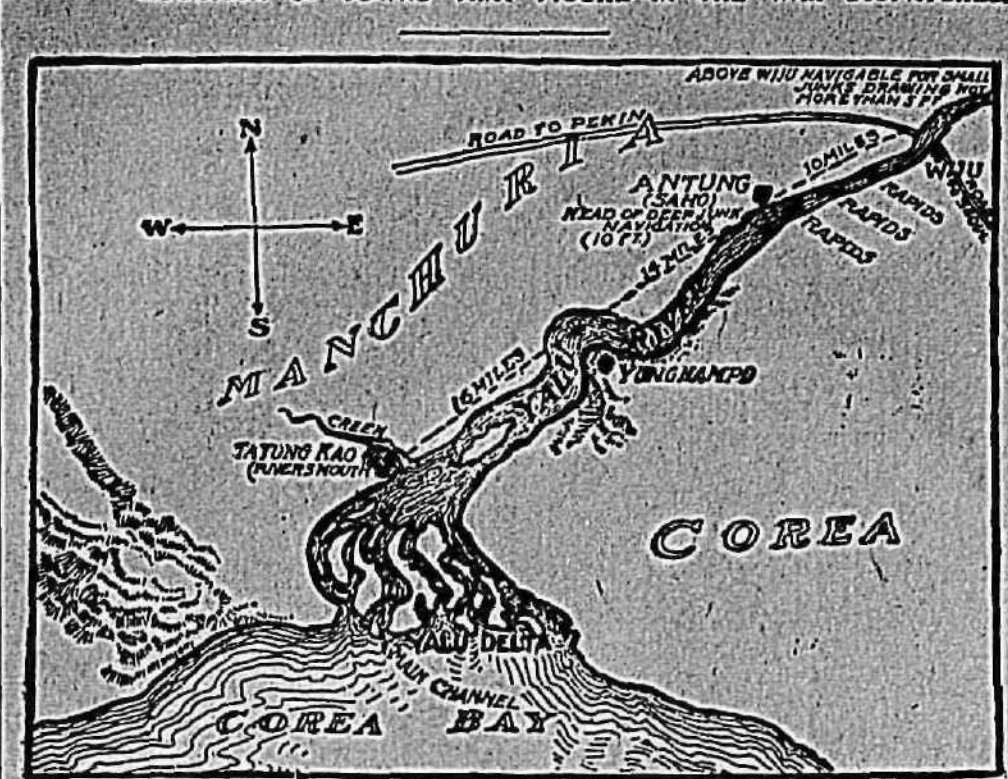
The sinking of the Petropavlovsk fol-
lowed an attack by the Japanese fleet at
daybreak. Vice-Admiral Makarov fol-
lowed out of the harbor on the Petropavlovsk
to meet the enemy. The Petropavlovsk
struck a mine in the outer roadstead,
holed over, turned turtle, and sank. The
Petropavlovsk was flying the flag of
Vice-Admiral Makarov.

The Petropavlovsk, which had twice
previously been reported damaged in
Japanese attacks in Port Arthur, was a
first-class battleship of 10,000 tons dis-
placement and 14,213 indicated horse power.
She was 307 1/2 feet long, had 60 feet
beam and her armored belt was of about
sixteen inches of steel, with ten inches
of steel armor on her turret. Her ar-
mament consisted of four twelve-inch,
twelve six-inch, four smaller guns and
six torpedo tubes. The complement of
the Petropavlovsk, when fully manned,
was 700 men. She was built at St. Pe-
tersburg and was completed in 1903.

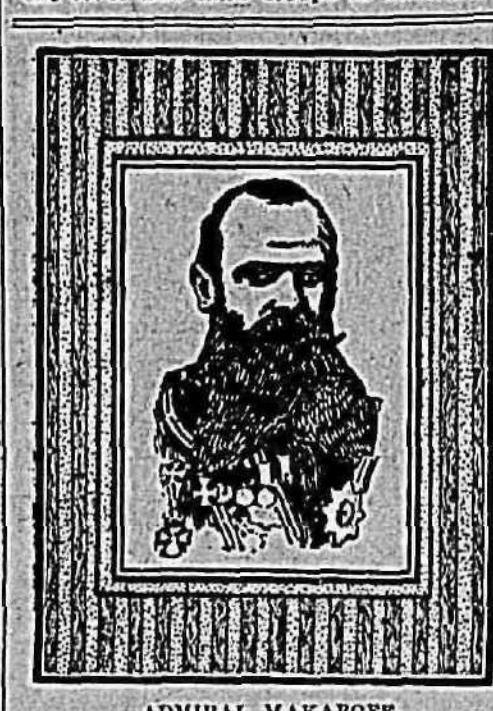
One account says twenty men escaped
from the disaster to the Petropavlovsk.
Grand Duke Cyril was only saved from
death by a miracle. His brother, Grand
Duke Boris, witnessed the catastrophe
through a marine glass. Grand Duke
Cyril was first officer of the Petropavlovsk.
Although injured during the en-
gagement he was rescued and taken
ashore in a small boat.

Early dispatches failed to tell of any
other damage except that connected with
the loss of the battleship. The effect

MAP SHOWING THE DELTA OF THE YALU RIVER AND THE LOCATION OF TOWNS THAT FIGURE IN THE WAR DISPATCHES.



The map shows an enlargement of the region at the mouth of the Yalu river
and the location of Wiju, Yenchow and Antung, about which towns the war
dispatches nowdays have much to say. The Japanese occupy the two former
places, while the Russians command Antung, on the north bank, and the question
of crossing the river is the momentous issue for either belligerent. Wiju was de-
clared a free port on the 22d of August last, and at the same time the Korean
government established a custom house at Yenchow. These incidents materially
increased the tension between Russia and Japan at that time. Antung is merely
a place of strategic importance, being practically only a collection of hovels, but
the Russians are now reported to be massed there in force. It is said that the
Russians have mined the mouth of the Yalu, and if this be so a glance at the
delta will show the difficulty that Japan may experience in attempting to enter
the river and land troops in Manchuria.



ADMIRAL MAKAROFF.

KOREAN PALACE BURNED.

Imperial Family Flee from Fire of In-
cendiary Origin.

The imperial palace at Seoul, Korea,
was destroyed by fire the other night. St.
H. Y. Kang, the Emperor's Empress, Oy-
Yi-Si-Ek and the imperial household es-
caped to the American legation. The fire
was of incendiary origin. The British
legation was saved by hard work on the
part of the Japanese, French and Italian

CZAR'S GREAT LOSS.

Disaster at Port Arthur a Stunning
Blow to Russia.

Both in the actual losses inflicted and
in the moral effect the catastrophe which
resulted in the death of Vice-Admiral
Makarov and almost his entire crew and
the destruction of the battleship Petro-
pavlovsk is the severest blow Russia has
sustained since the opening of the war.
The Port Arthur squadron has been
weakened by the loss of one of its strong-
est battleships. The lives of about 800
officers and seamen have been wiped out.
To heighten the disheartening effect of
these calamities Russia has lost the com-
mander who had shown higher capacity
and had done more to strengthen and
revive Russian hopes than any other man.

Apparently the Japanese have per-
formed a historic feat of war. Recent
dispatches have indicated that Vice-Ad-
miral Togo's fleet, greatly augmented in
preparation for a supreme effort to block
the harbor mouth at Port Arthur, was
already on its way thither. Either Ad-
miral Makarov had deliberately gone out-
side the inner harbor to meet it or else
he was deceived by the sight of an
inferior force of Japanese ships pursuing
Russian scouting vessels. Such scout-
ing trips to the southward as far as the
Mikoto Islands have been frequent. One
may suppose that the daring Russian
commander hoped to destroy some of the
Japanese warships by coming upon them
unawares or that he was on the lookout
for a Japanese army on transports bound
for the Liaotung Gulf.

Official dispatches received at St. Pe-
tersburg in cipher and given out Thurs-
day tell of a far greater disaster to the
Russian navy at Port Arthur than was
known Wednesday. First came news of
the sinking of the battleship Petropavlovsk
and the drowning of Vice-Admiral
Makarov and 791 men and officers. Next
came news that the battleship Pobeda
had been disabled, probably permanently,
by running upon a mine. The torpedo
boat destroyer Vestriachni was surround-
ed by the enemy and sunk.
Prince Onokimsky Rear Admiral, who
took command of the fleet after the
death of Vice-Admiral Makarov, reported
that the torpedo boat destroyer Vestriachni
was sunk during a fight with
Japanese torpedo boats, and that the
first-class battleship Pobeda struck a
mine, which caused a tremendous explo-
sion, tearing a great hole in her side.

The Russians are grieved, though a
little consolation is gotten from the re-
port which adds that the Pobeda was
able to reach the harbor without loss
of life among her crew. The Pobeda
is a first-class battleship, built in 1900
and commanded by Captain Zatsarenko.
It had a displacement of 12,670 tons, be-
ing larger than the Petropavlovsk.

The Czar telegraphed to Viceroy Alex-
ander ordering him to go to Port Arthur
immediately and assume command of the
squadron pending the appointment of
Makarov's successor.

Rear Admiral Uru sent to Tokio a
brief report of the fight off Port Arthur,
saying that the Japanese fleet under Ad-
miral Togo sunk the Russian first-class
battleship Petropavlovsk and the Rus-
sian torpedo boat destroyer Vestriachni.
Admiral Uru reports that there were no
losses among the Japanese. There was
great rejoicing in Tokio.

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Frequent skirmishes are reported be-
tween Sakju and Wiju.
More Russian cavalry has been dis-
patched to the far East.

It is believed in Tokio that fighting
has commenced on the Yalu river.
According to statements made by Ko-
reans, the Russians are utilizing trained
dogs to act as messengers and order bear-
ers.

A report from Gen. Kouropatkin says
fifty Japanese scouts were drowned or
shot to death in an engagement on the
Yalu river opposite Wiju.

A dispatch from Harbin says that the
Pekin government is showing a more con-
ciliatory spirit and that the local Chi-
nese authorities are posting neutrality
proclamations daily.

The foreign office at St. Petersburg de-
clines the report circulated by the St.
James' Gazette of London that Great
Britain and Russia have reached an
agreement covering the Tibetan expedi-
tion.

That the war in the Orient has had a
stimulating effect on various kinds of
trade in the Pacific northwest becomes
apparent as statistics of Japanese pur-
chases come to light. One Seattle firm
has had a credit of \$250,000 placed with
it by representatives of the Japanese gov-
ernment to be used in the purchase of
supplies.

THE REIGN OF BLOOD.

There Are Nine Distinct Wars Now
Disfiguring Civilization.

Apart from the Russo-Japanese strug-
gle, which has scarcely as yet begun and
the end of which no man can safely pre-
dict, there are several other wars raging
throughout the world. Indeed, it may
safely be said that rarely before has
there been such widespread bloodshed on
earth.

In South Africa the Germans are
waging war against the natives and have,
on several occasions, notwithstanding
their superior equipment and military
knowledge, experienced defeat. In other
portions of Africa the British are con-
ducting two wars—one against the na-
tives of Nigeria and the second and more
important one against the Mod Mulah
of Samaliland. It was predicted many
months ago that the latter conflict would
be short-lived and that the natives would
melt away before the British advance.
But, instead, they have preferred to fight
and have already cost the British many
valuable lives and many millions of dol-
lars. Nor is the end yet, and before it is
reached England will receive another
valuable lesson, as she did in the Boer
war, not to underestimate her foes.

Besides these African wars, England
is engaged in another fight with the Thi-
betans, whose country she invaded for
the purpose of forcing upon them her
civilization.

In the Philippines the Moros are being
still "assimilated" through the agency of
army bullets. In the Balkans the Macedo-
nians, Albanians and Turks are mixing
matters in such a kaleidoscopic form that
it is difficult to keep track of their opera-
tions; and now it is announced that Aus-
tria is preparing to send troops to the
affected region.

In the West Indies war is raging in
San Domingo and one of the fairest is-
lands on earth is being turned into a wil-
derness.

The oldest of all the struggles now be-
ing fought anywhere is that between the
Dutch and Achines in northern Sum-
atra. That struggle began in 1873 and
has been carried on with short intermis-
sions ever since. The last tidings from
that distracted island announce the kill-
ing of 541 Achines, while the opposing
force of the Dutch lost three men killed
and 25 wounded. The figures speak more
of a slaughter than of a battle.

NO RULE FOR MERGER.

Federal Supreme Court Remands Min-
nesota Suit.

The original merger suit, brought by
the State of Minnesota, was sent back to
the courts of that State Monday by the
United States Supreme Court. The opin-
ion, written by Justice Harlan and con-
curred in by all of the other justices, is
to the effect that the lower federal court
had no jurisdiction in the matter, and
should not have tried the case when it
was taken from the State court by the
Northern Securities Company.

Taking up the federal law and analyz-
ing its provisions, the decision said:
"This is not a criminal proceeding, nor a
suit in equity in the name of the United
States to restrain violation of the anti-
trust act, nor a proceeding in the name
of the United States, for the forfeiture
of property, nor an action by any person
or corporation for the recovery of three-
fold damages for injury done to business
or property by some other person or cor-
poration."

The contention that the case involved
proprietary interests in the State was
not allowed to influence the opinion.

TROLLEY TO ST. LOUIS.

Building of New Illinois Road to Be
Followed by Others.

The first annual meeting of the Bloom-
ington-Springfield-Peoria Interurban
Company was held in Bloomington, Ill.,
Tuesday to elect officers and transact
other business connected with the con-
struction of the road. Estimates for the
work place the cost at \$2,000,000, and it
promises to be one of the most important
and profitable systems of the kind in the
West, connecting three of the principal
cities of Illinois and touching In-
diana, Pekin and other intermediate
towns.

The proposed interurban connecting
Bloomington, Springfield and Peoria is
believed to be the forerunner of other
lines through central Illinois. Surveys
have been made for a line connecting
Bloomington and Decatur and for a line
from Bloomington to Joliet, connecting
at the latter city with the Chicago-Joliet
line. A line is under construction from
Springfield to Carlinville, and this will
eventually be extended to St. Louis. It
is predicted that within three years it
will be possible to travel from Chicago
to St. Louis by trolley.

RUSH FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.

Ten Thousand Miners Will Invade
Alaska This Spring.

A Seattle dispatch says that the indi-
cations now are that the movement
west this spring will surpass the boom
days of the Klondike and will be more
general in its character, taking in the
Nome, Tanana, Koyukuk, Forty Mile,
Klondike and tributaries, Rampart,
Stewart, Kobuk, Yakataga, Copper River
and Cook Inlet, to say nothing of the
districts in southeastern Alaska, that
have produced their millions and will this
year greatly increase their output. It is
conservatively estimated that 10,000
miners will go north this spring. The
active movement began a month ago and
will reach its peak until June. More
prospecting, more development and more
actual work has been carried on in the
territory during the winter than during any
similar period in the history of the coun-
try, and the reports from all the camps
and districts are of the most encouraging
and cheerful character. Those in position
to know the situation accurately say
they would not be surprised to see an
output of gold this season in excess of
\$22,000,000 from the camps and dis-
tricts enumerated above.

On all the Nome creeks a great deal
of my dirt is being taken out by means
of all thawing machines, which have
been found effective, and huge dumps
mark every mine of note in the camps.
Muskrats Injuring Levees.
Engineers are alarmed at the inroads
that crawfish and muskrats are making
in the levees along the Mississippi river.
The crawfish burrow into the levee and
the muskrats follow to catch and eat
them. Then the muskrats burrow right
through the bank and make so many
holes of this kind that in time of flood
a break is likely to occur.

29 DIE ON U. S. SHIP.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION ON BAT-
TLE CRAFT MISSOURI.

Charge Blows Up While Tars Are Load-
ing for Practice on Target Range—
Turret Holds Heap of Dead After
the Blast.

Twenty-nine men were killed and five
injured Wednesday by a dual powder
explosion on the battleship Missouri,
commanded by Captain William S.
Cowles, brother-in-law of President
Roosevelt. But for the prompt flooding
of the magazine the vessel would have
been blown up and sunk with its crew of
over 500 men.

The first explosion was of a charge
of 400 pounds of powder being used to
discharge one of the twelve-inch guns
in the after turret. The second explo-
sion was of 1,000 pounds of powder in
the handling room below the breach of
the gun.

The heat of the second explosion was
so intense that it melted the brass rail-
ings alongside the magazine, and but for
the flooding of the fiery pit with water
almost instantly must have set off the
magazine itself.

Disaster Due to Disobedience.

The disaster is similar to though much
more severe than that which took place
somewhere on the battleship Massachu-
setts. Apparently it was caused by
disobedience of instructions issued by
the navy department for the loading of
the guns immediately after the Massa-
chusetts affair was cleared up. Captain
Cowles, however, has not consented to be
interviewed on this point.

In this connection it is recalled that
Captain Cowles barely escaped being
court-martialed recently because of a
collision between the Missouri and the
cattleship Illinois. The Missouri rammed
and injured the Illinois, but Captain
Cowles explained that he was not re-
sponsible, because the steering gear of
his vessel was out of order.

Gives Details of Explosions.

The Missouri was on the target range
off Pensacola, Fla., with the Texas and
Brooklyn at practice about noon, when
a charge of powder in the twelve-inch
left-hand gun ignited from gases, explo-
ded, and, dropping below, ignited four
charges of powder in the handling room
and caused them to explode. Only one
man of the entire turret and handling
crew survives.

Lieut. Hammer, the ordnance officer,
gave out a statement of the explosion
and its probable cause. According to
him about noon after the first pointer
of the after twelve-inch piece had fired
his string and the second pointer had
fired the third shot of his string the
charge ignited.

Explodes While Men Are Loading.

The fourth shot was being loaded and
from all indications the first half of the
charge had been rammed home and the
second section was being rammed home,
when gases from the shot previously fired
or portions of the cloth cover ignited the
powder.

The breach was open and a dull roar
gave notice of something unusual. No
loud report was made, but flames were
seen to leap from every portion of the
turret. A few seconds later another ex-
plosion, more fierce, occurred. This was
in the handling room below, where 1,000
pounds of powder, or four charges, ready
to be hoisted above, had ignited.

Flood Ship to Quench Flames.

Fire quarters were sounded and every
man of the ship responded and the main
and handling rooms were flooded
with water.

In less than five seconds after the first
explosion two streams of water were be-
ing played in the rooms and when vol-
unteers were called for every man of the
ship responded, eager to go into the tur-
ret and rescue the crew. Captain
Cowles gave commands, and but for the
presence of mind of the officers of the
ship the Missouri would have gone down.
The second explosion occurred near
one of the magazines and so hot was the
fire that the brass work of the magazines
was melted.

Twenty-five Dead in Heap.

Before the fumes of the burning pow-
der had left the turret officers and men
were lifting out the dying and dead men.
Three minutes after the explosion all
were on deck and the surgeons from the
Missouri, Texas and Brooklyn were at-
tending to those not dead.

The twenty-five men of the turret were
found lying in a heap. They had started
for the exit when the first explosion oc-
curred and had just reached there when
the more terrible explosion in the hand-
ling room occurred, which burned and
strangled them to death.

MUST HAVE DOG MEAT.

Philippines at St. Louis Fair Demand
Canine Steak.

Application has been made to the St.
Louis city poundmaster by the commis-
sary department of the Philippine Com-
mission to supply a number of dogs daily
for the cannibalizing tribe of Iroquois
now quartered at the Cuartel del Bilipino
at the World's Fair, says a correspon-
dent. Mr. R. Healy, in charge of this
savagely tribe, stated that he would try
to procure the necessary number of dogs
from the city pound if they could not be
had elsewhere.

The Iroquois, after they left Seattle,
did not have any dog meat for three
weeks, and they complained bitterly of
this neglect. So far the authorities in
charge have been so busy getting the
several tribes comfortably located that
they have not had time to investigate
the dog market in St. Louis. In the ab-
sence of this piece of resistance of the
Iroquois the commissary department has
been supplying American home-made
sausage. But the 75 dog-eating members
of this tribe are not satisfied with this
substitution.

Notes of Current Events.

Denver's new city charter was passed.
Gen. W. H. Payne, 73, Washington,
is dead.

R. R. Battles, millionaire, Cory, Pa.,
is dead.

Degratt, Ohio, postoffice was robbed
the other night.

American quick-lunch wagons have
struck London.

V. E. Millward, Saratoga, N. Y., is
under arrest, charged with the murder
of his wife and baby.

PULSE of the PRESS

These are the days when all the little
rivulets obtain recognition.—Pittsburg
Press.

The grand jury is forgoing to the front
as the nation's paramount institution.—
Milwaukee Daily News.

Flour is going so high that paste dia-
monds may soon be worth more than the
real.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

There is one ambition left to the bill-
ionaire, and that is to be able to trim
his clothes with rillum.—Columbus Dis-
patch.

It seems now that Congress and the
postal department both live in glass
houses and both throw stones.—Atlanta
Journal.

The purification of St. Louis politics is
not only an iridescent dream, but a hor-
rific, fictitious nightmare.—St. Louis
Globe-Democrat.

J. D. Rockefeller says that golf has
made him feel twenty years younger.
Promising for Chicago University.—St.
Louis Republic.

It is now generally believed that next
to Ohio, Saxumia, Japan, is the great-
est breeder of great men on earth.—Cin-
cinnati Times-Star.

Proof readers with a working knowl-
edge of the Russian language should
command high salaries from now on.—
Boston Transcript.

A Baltimore young man claims to be
able to talk 65,040 words an hour. His
political debut cannot be long postponed.
—Washington Post.

The democracy is taking so much time
in developing a candidate that he ought
to be a fine specimen when he material-
izes.—Washington Star.

The New England undertaker who ad-
vertises himself as a "mortician" is try-
ing to put the English language under-
ground, too.—Philadelphia Ledger.

European editors continue to sneer at
the Monroe doctrine, and European gov-
ernments continue to treat it with the ut-
most respect.—Kansas City Journal.

The rise in the price of camphor balls
is regrettable, of course, but the high ball
remains serenely perched on the usual
price.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

A Harvard professor declares that
football is breaking up study. Hereto-
fore it has been content to break up
and mutilate students.—Washington
Post.

The man in Cleveland, Ohio, who has
been eating match heads would be in a
sad fix if they should obey the tendency
of the times, and strike.—St. Louis
World.

What next after a great financier pro-
ceeds in court against his wife's brother
for alienating his wife's affections? This
ought to approximate the limit.—Boston
Herald.

Secretary Taft says it will be many
years before the Filipinos will be for-
ward enough to govern themselves. Some-
times we might try the Filipinos.—St. Louis
Globe-Democrat.

Bianca Varilla says the building of the
canal will take seven years; but Uncle
Sam and Jean Crapaud are somewhat
different when it comes to doing business.
—Washington Times.

The "Niederosterreichische Geverhe-
verein" of Austria is coming to the
world's fair. The information bureau
will have a special clerk during the visit.
—St. Louis Republic.

Aha! now we know why Uncle Andy
Carnegie has been so eager to give away
his money. It has been discovered that
all money has bacillus stapyllococcus on
it.—Augusta Chronicle.

Korea has recognized Panama, but it
is greatly feared that Panama will be
unable to recognize Korea after the war-
ring powers retire from her territory.—
Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Swiss gentleman says that he has
an electrical instrument that could kill
off an army at one shock. The man
must be an opponent of the pension sys-
tem.—Topeka State Journal.

The reduction of half a cent a gallon
in the price of refined oils must be a
great blow to the hopes of President
Harper to make it really a "great uni-
versity."—Indianapolis News.

It is stated that prominent women in
New York have formed a guild for sav-
ing the servant girl problem. But the
servant girl is not a problem, she is a
riddle.—Philadelphia Evening Item.

Poor old New Jersey! Its trust mill
ground out such small grit last year
that the taxpayers may be called upon
to go down into their pockets and pry
the expense of State government. That's
distressing.—Milwaukee Daily News.

Women Who Want to West.

Rev. Charles W. Savidge, of the Peo-
ple's Church, Omaha, Neb., is being
swamped with letters from women in
all parts of the country who are eager
to be a wife to the rich ranchman in
western Nebraska, who several days ago
journeyed to Omaha on purpose to re-
quest the preacher to find him a spouse.

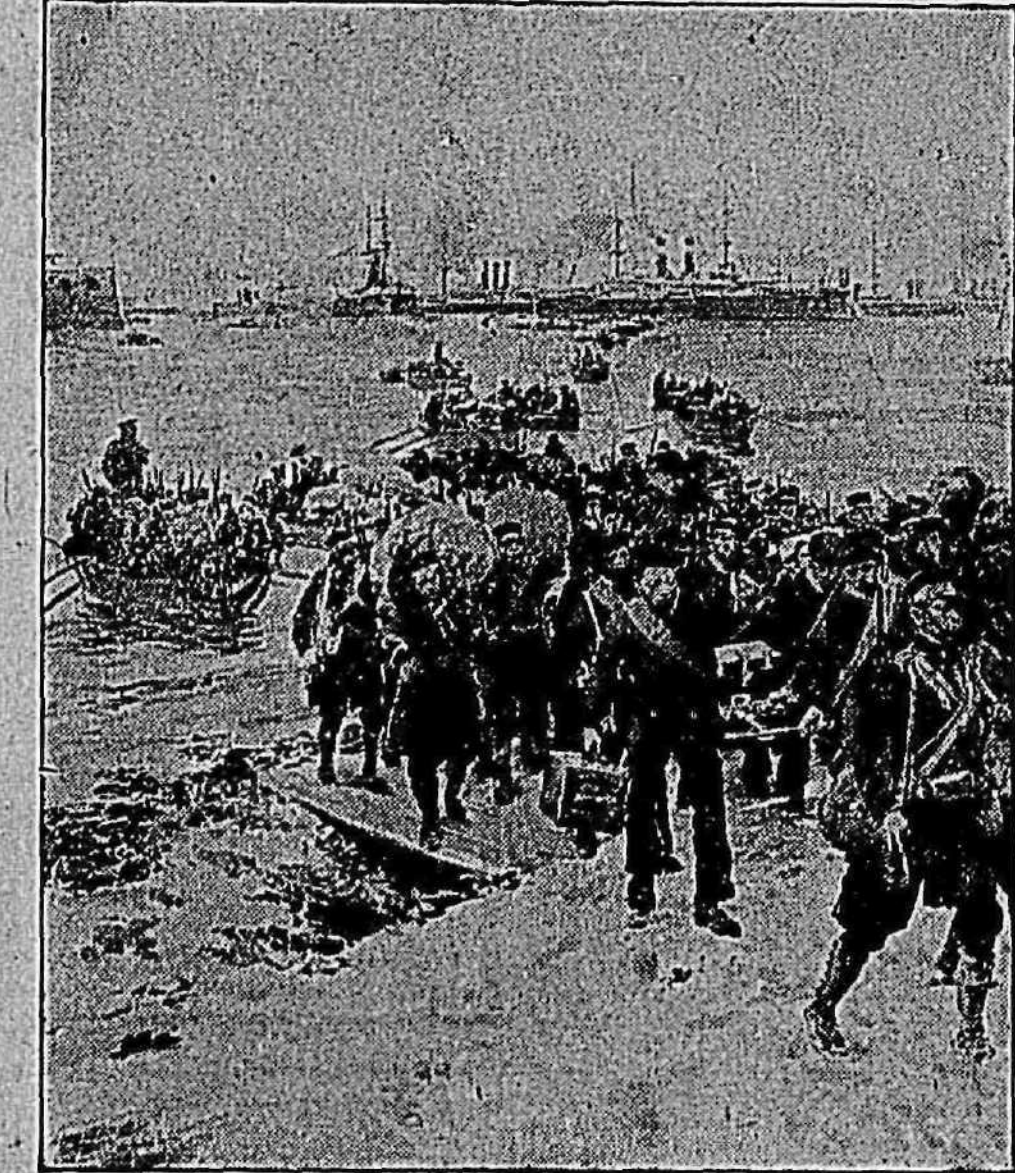
"I have 1,000 acres of land, 3,000 head
of cattle, and hundreds of horses, but no
wife," he said, and added: "If you will
find me one, I will pay you handsomely
for her."

The story of the ranchman's singular
offer was wired to newspapers through-
out the country, and letters have been
pouring in from all directions. Thus far
Mr. Savidge has received letters from
200 women who describe themselves as
pretty blondes, 175 as brunettes, 75 as
widows, 80 as divorcees, and 50 as spin-
sters.

Disensions Among Mormons.

It is said that the younger element of
the Mormon Church in Salt Lake City
is rebelling against the intolerable tyr-
anny of the Mormon leaders. Ten young
men, all officials of the church, have been
expelled because they refuse to promise
obedience in business and political af-
fairs, and many others have been given
seven days in which to submit or be ex-
pelled.

Fire in the Cooper-Union building at
Denver caused a heavy loss, principally
to the Colorado and Southern Railroad.



JAP TROOPS' LANDING AT CHEMULPO, KOREA.

of the fire of the Japanese fleet on the
Russian vessels and the town at Port
Arthur was not mentioned.

Rumors of the catastrophe reached St.
Petersburg early Wednesday and great
excitement prevailed. First reports had
it that Grand Duke Cyril had been kil-
led, and when it was found that he had
been wounded only slightly thanksgiving
services were held in the palace of his
father, Grand Duke Vladimir.

Will Shoot Correspondents.

The Russian government has given no-
tice that newspaper correspondents using
wireless telegraph will be treated as
spies and shot. This notice was served
on the State Department in Washington
by Count Cassini, the Russian ambas-
sador, and it is understood that similar
communications were made to all foreign
offices.

Delay Caused by Sickness.

It is asserted in Tien-tsin that the re-
ason of the delay in the movements of the
Japanese army in Korea is that over 32
per cent of the troops are suffering from
a malignant sickness, described as being
a species of ber-ber.

Branch Stores for Russian Soldiers.

The Economic Military Society has
made arrangements to establish branch
stores wherever detachments of Russian
troops operate in the far East, which
will sell articles of personal need to offi-
cers at cost price.

soldiers. These forced an entrance to the
palace inclosure and tore down the small-
er buildings in juxtaposition to the pal-
ace.

The palace cost about \$250,000, when
built. No estimate is given as to the
value of the contents. Several of the
officials are free in their assertions that
the fire was the work of persons recently
returned to Seoul after banishment.
These persons, forming a guild, were
banished by royal edict a month and
more ago, but recently returned and have
since been suspected of intrigue with pro-
Russian influences. However, the suppi-
cious directed toward the members of the
guild come from those officials pronounced
in their pro-Japanese sympathies.

The Korean Emperor will occupy the
American legation for the present. Jap-
anese troops are now guarding the impe-
rial inclosures and the buildings.

Mr. Conger, the American minister at
Pekin, cables the State Department that
Mr. Miller, the United States consul at
Newchwang, has been notified by the
Russian authorities that mines have been
placed in the river, but that neutral ships
will be conducted in and out safely.

Captain George G. Gentry, artillery
corps, who was designated as one of the
four American officers to act as military
attache with the Russian armies in the
field, will not be able to go on this
duty, as he is reported to be quite ill at
Manila.

THE NEWS
A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.
PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.
THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide
Circulation in Western Lake County, than
Any Paper Published in the State.
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A loud protest has been raised against the so-called "bouding" of John Turner, an immigrant, ordered deported because he was an anarchist. It was claimed that he was a perfectly harmless man who held sentimental objections to government but opposed violence. While his case was before the Supreme Court, which has not yet announced its decision, a meeting was held in New York at which he spoke. Being asked if he favored the assassination of rulers, he said "Each one of you must decide that subject for himself." Being asked if he advocated assassination, he replied "No, I hold that a man who sits back safely and urges another to do something he thinks ought to be done is a coward." Is this man a desirable citizen?

Emerson well says the poet is the prophet. Goethe, the prince of German writers, predicted the Panama canal in 1827. He said, "Merchant as well as war vessels should have quicker connection with the western and eastern coasts of America. It is entirely indispensable for the United States to make a passage from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific Ocean, and I am certain she will accomplish it."

The Democrats of the United States Senate last Monday made a violent demand for a Congressional investigation of the Post Office Department. It was voiced chiefly by Senator Gorman, candidate expectant, but Senators Aldrich, Allison and Lodge blocked the game, showing that a complete investigation had been made by the department itself and that the guilty were being punished.

The Czar's present plan is to send his Baltic war fleet around to the east by going north of Norway and Siberia and through Bering Strait. He thinks the squadron can get to Port Arthur by the end of August, but it is a voyage full of peril.

Secretary Wilson says it is the farmers who make the country rich, that in 1901 our farm exports amounted to \$900,000,000, \$3,000,000 for every working day, \$125,000 an hour, \$2,000 a minute or \$33 a second.

New York physicians are worried over a young woman who has been ill for weeks and cannot control her menses. She has probably been watching Bryan's efforts to consolidate the Democratic party.

Two million immigrants have arrived in this country within ten years. Yet seven great steamship companies are now cutting steamer rates and passengers can come from Europe to New York for \$12.

The French minister in Washington says "Our exhibit in St. Louis will be the best and largest we have ever made. It will be principally of the fine arts of which there will be 7,500 examples."

Within a month more than twenty large commercial trusts have ceased to pay dividends and gone into bankruptcy. This would seem to indicate that the trust problem is solving itself.

The impeachment trial of Judge Swayne of Florida goes over till next December. A large majority of Republicans in Congress believe it to be a mere case of partisan persecution.

Senator Burton declares that he is being punished for an alleged offense that has been committed for years by Congressmen of both parties with out punishment or protest.

Secretary of War Taft is urging railroad building in the Philippines. Money would be forthcoming if five per cent on the bonds were guaranteed, he says.

Bible reading in schools is held to be legal by the Supreme Court of Kansas but has been prohibited by the Supreme Court of Nebraska.

The Chinese exclusion treaty is about to expire. She now demands reciprocity and says if there is an open door it must swing both ways.

Mr. Hearst is reported to have chartered all the St. Louis hotels for convention week. This emphasizes the fact that he is an anti-monopolist.

Necessary Presidential Plank.
A suitable platform for the winning party in the next presidential campaign should contain the following plank:
Whereas, The Signal Service has grown meteorologically corrupt, entailing unnecessary rheumatism, uncalculated for bronchitis, and superfluous chills among the people obliged to use the current weather.
Be it resolved, That weather comfortable to the human constitution as interpreted by the Supreme Court of Experience ought to be and is hereby pledged to a suffering public.

Township Treasurer's Report.
Annual statement for publication of receipts and expenditures of township and district funds, by the treasurer of township No. 46, range No. 10, Lake county, Illinois, during the fiscal year beginning April 6, 1903, and ending April 6, 1904.
Township Treasurer in accordance with School Trustees.

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS.
Cash on hand at beginning of fiscal year (April 6, 1903).....\$50 00
Received interest from township fund..... 70 00
Received from County Superintendent..... 233 68
Total.....\$553 68

ITEMS OF EXPENDITURES.
Distributed and put to credit of districts.....\$238 04
Paid Compensation of Treasurer..... 60 00
Paid incidentals of trustees and treasurer..... 2 00
Paid publishing statement..... 4 04
Cash on hand at date (April 6, 1904)..... 350 00
Total.....\$654 08

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS.
Balance on hand at beginning of fiscal year (April 6, 1903).....\$376 62
From distribution of trustees..... 238 04
From special district taxes..... 440 04
From railroad taxes..... 102 45
From back taxes..... 184 61
From telephone and telephone tax..... 30 85
From Waukegan H. M. S. Co., back taxes..... 35 61
Borrowed by directors No. 74..... 500 00
From tuition fees, district No. 41 u..... 10 20
From tuition fees, district No. 51..... 242 31
Total balance and receipts.....\$1,643 59

ITEMS OF EXPENDITURES.
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 27.....\$423 49
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 28..... 427 68
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 31..... 401 33
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 32 u..... 363 62
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 31..... 402 98
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 28..... 390 00
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 38 u..... 324 86
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 30..... 94 40
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 41 u..... 227 83
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 41 u..... 1054 64
Paid out on directors' orders—for account of district No. 49 u..... 46 31
Total expenditures.....\$3,703 09
Cash balance on hand at date (April 6, 1904).....\$1,950 50
Total expenditures, loans and balance.....\$5,653 59

I do hereby certify the foregoing report to be correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.
Sworn to subscribed before me, this 18th day of April, A. D. 1904. DANIEL A. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

Swimming Board.
Sandwich swimming boards take their name from the fact that they are used in the Sandwich Islands, and not from their shape, as might be imagined. The contrivance is simply a



large coffin shaped board, usually about five feet in length, and from one to two feet in width. They are used especially for passing through the surf. In most cases the islands of the Sandwich group are of coral formation and surrounded by dangerous reefs, which make it extremely dangerous to land. By clinging to his swimming board, however, the native has the advantage of being able to use all his strength in propelling himself forward.—New York Herald.

Earthquake Forms New Lake.
A remarkable phenomenon is reported from the Russian rural commune of Schava, in the government of Ekaterin Koksaka. Inexplicable sounds were heard for several days issuing from the earth. The sounds varied from something like the booming of cannon to the screeching of steam whistles, and seemed to come from a forest skirting the commune. In this forest, where the terrified peasantry gathered in expectation of some calamity, the earth was seen to heave incessantly. Gradually huge cracks appeared and water was seen. At last the earth seemed gradually to sink, water rose and there appeared a new lake of considerable extent, which is now being examined by geologists.

Men of Oak

Timbers of oak keep the old homestead standing through the years. It pays to use the right stuff.

"Men of oak" are men in rugged health, men whose bodies are made of the soundest materials.

Childhood is the time to lay the foundation for a sturdy constitution that will last for years.

Scott's Emulsion is the right stuff.
Scott's Emulsion stimulates the growing powers of children, helps them build a firm foundation for a sturdy constitution.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

YOUR EYES

To make the month of March one of the best months in the year, in my line, I will sell everything in stock at wholesale prices to make room for my new stock for the summer trade. It will only last during the month of March. Take this opportunity while you need things in my line. I have the largest, up-to-date line of goods ever shown in this town, and everything is warranted. I have anything and everything you wish in

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Optical Goods

Come and get a PIANO or ORGAN cheap. I have them now and will sell at the very lowest prices. Bring your

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repairing to me if you want good work done.
Yours For Trade,

WM. KEULMAN
TESTED FREE

FULL-GROWN OWL A PET.

Its Favorite Roost is on the Top of a Large Clock.
Perhaps one of the oddest pets in Albany is a full-grown owl owned by William Hill of 37 Washington avenue. Mr. Hill has a farm in the vicinity of Greenbush Heights, and last fall while gathering the apples from his orchard he captured the owl and brought it home with him.

An owl, when captured, after attaining its full growth, is considered one of the hardest birds in the world to keep alive in captivity. Yet Mr. Hill's owl has never shown any signs of pining. Its favorite roost is on the top of a large clock in Mr. Hill's place of business, where it perches for hours at a time, like Poe's raven on the marble bust of Pallas. On this account it has been christened "Owl Father Time." Three or four times during the day it will fly around the room.

Mr. Hill believes that owls can see much better in the daytime than most persons suppose, for his bird has no trouble in making the circuit of the room without colliding with anything. Moreover, when a piece of fish is left on a bench the owl promptly flies to it and devours it. At other times when hungry the owl will leave its perch on the clock, fly down to the foot and take his station within about two feet of his master, where he will cock his head first on one side and then on the other in the most comical manner. When he is given something to eat he promptly returns to his perch on the clock.—Albany Press.

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured.
"I have been subject to sciatic rheumatism for years," says E. H. Waldron, of Wilton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble in many months. It is certainly a most wonderful liniment." For sale by all druggists.

NEW PERIL IN WARFARE.

Submarine Torpedo Boat Sinks a Tug by Ramming.
While the French submarine boat Narval was leaving Cherbourg harbor recently she came into collision with a tugboat which was travelling at right angles to the course of the submarine.

The officer of the latter observed the approaching tug, and immediately reversed his engines. The Narval was at the time making a speed of five knots. Although the momentum of the submarine was thus considerably reduced, she struck the tugboat with sufficient force to send her to the bottom. The tugboat was ultimately foundered, and the nose of the Narval was withdrawn.

This accident affords a conclusive estimate of the strength and power of these submarine craft for ramming purposes, when driven at full force against another craft and, according to French admiralty experts, opens new possibilities concerning naval tactics.

Bee's Honey and Tar is a delightful remedy for coughs, colds, lagrippe, croup, whooping cough, pneumonia and consumption. Made from the best clover honey and tarry distillations. It is mildly laxative, tonic and strengthening. Children like it and it cures. Best cough cure. Sold at Swan's drug store.

Dolce Far Niente.

Life on your oars and rest awhile—
This is the sweetest part of the stream—
Shadowy branches over the aisle
Lure us to linger, list, and dream,
While the wings in the verdure gleam,
Dream and drift the rest of the mile,
Under the thrushes, over the beam—
Lie on your oars and rest awhile.

Cloves as Merchandise.
Cloves are probably the greatest speculative article in the spice trade and have been so for many hundreds of years, because they have always come from small and restricted areas of cultivation, and have been used as tribute, almost taking the place of money in ancient times. They have been mostly grown on the two small islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, on the east coast of Africa.

Riding a Steer.



Many of the farmers in German southwest Africa use steers as steeds.

Town Has Nine Postoffices.
The town of Ossipee in Carroll county, N. H., has nine postoffices, viz., West Ossipee, Ossipee Valley, Moultonville, Centerville, Center Ossipee, Water Village, Ossipee, Granite and Leighton's Corners. The town of Wakefield in the same county also has nine postoffices, viz., Providence Lake, North Wakefield, Woodman, East Wakefield, Wakefield, Sanbornville, Horns Mills, South Wakefield and Union.

Scientists announce that Bright's disease, diabetes, cystitis and every form of kidney and urinary trouble as well as rheumatism, lumbago and similar affections do not and cannot exist in the great pine forests. The very air is laden with the healing and invigorating breath from the pines. Pineules brings health to your home and are a never failing cure for all the above troubles. Sold at Swan's drug store.

KILL THE COUGH
AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH Dr. King's
New Discovery
FOR CONSUMPTION
Coughs and Colds
Price 50c & \$1.00
Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all
THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Millions of Dollars Lost

By Farmers every year by Shunt on oats and other small grain. This can be prevented by the use of
FORMALDEHYDE
For Sale by
Jas. H. Swan
ANTIOCH, ILL.
Call at store for descriptive circular

C. G. Nelson
Headquarters for
STOVES
..AND..
RANGES
All kinds of Shelf
Hardware.
LAKE VILLA : : ILLINOIS

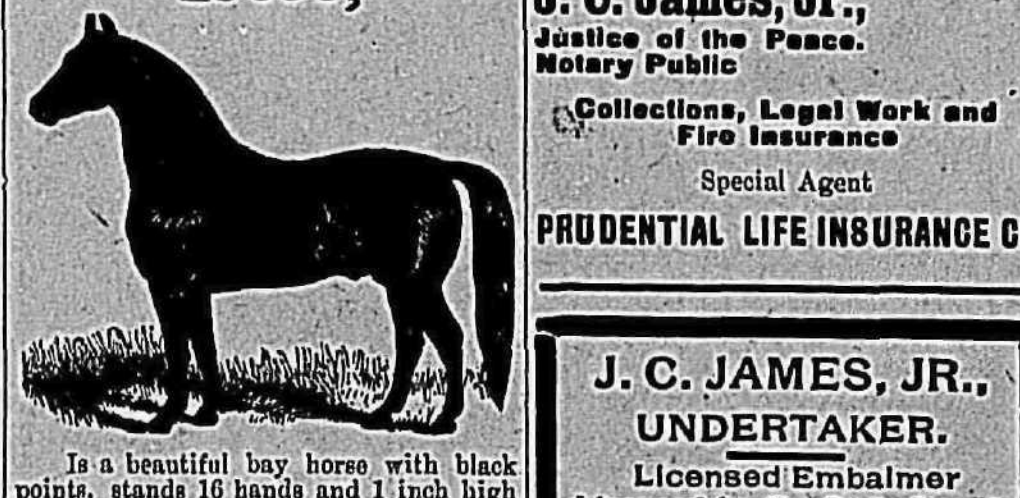
USE
A-B Stove Polish
WORLD'S BEST
LIQUID AND DRY
Ayling Bros., 14 Madison Ave., Chicago

LEGAL NOTICES.

Adjudication Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Stephen F. Grice, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of June next, 1904, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.
L. B. GRICE, Administrator.
Waukegan, March 23, 1904. 32-1

Adjudication Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator of the estate of George Davis, deceased, will attend the county court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of June next, 1904, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.
A. N. TIFFANY, Administrator.
Waukegan, April 6, 1904. 35-6

...ELECTROPINOS...



29095,
Is a beautiful bay horse with black points, stands 16 hands and 1 inch high and weighs 1,240 pounds; foaled 1893. He got first premium on his colts and also sweepstakes on horses at the McHenry County Fair and has won 11 blue ribbons. He is compactly built, close coupled, strong at all points, perfect in form, of very fine shape and is without a particle of coarseness. Measured by breeding and individuality this young horse is a hard one to excel. He is a show horse fit to appear in any company. His style is superior, and in addition to these qualities has great natural speed, and we predict that the race horse qualities of the Electropinos, intensified by such fashionable breeding as that of the Wilkes, and back of that by the Dictator and Abdallah 15 bloods, can scarcely fail of the best results.

Electropinos has wonderful natural speed, and we predict if properly mated will sire extreme speed. He will be traveled from April 15 to July 15, after that he will be tracked.
TERMS: I have placed the services of Electropinos at \$12.00 if paid before Nov. 15, or \$15.00 to insure a live colt. If mare is disposed insurance becomes due, which is within reach of every man who owns a brood mare.
For further particulars call on or address,
L. J. Slocum,
HICKORY, ILLINOIS.
SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED

L. J. Slocum,
HICKORY, ILLINOIS.
SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED

C. F. INGALLS
Jewelers and Opticians,
112 Genesee St. Waukegan, Ill.

FARM & SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST FARMS IN Lake County, consisting of 120 acres, well improved, with a good 10 room House, good Barn, Granary, Wagon House, good Well and gened Windmill, plenty of Timber, and some lake frontage. * * * * *

CALL ON OR ADDRESS
JAMES KERR,
LAKE VILLA, ILLINOIS.

JOHN J. McDOUGALL,
Veterinary Surgeon
Antioch, Illinois.
Colts Castrated at the old time price of \$1.00 each.

J. C. James, Jr.,
Justice of the Peace,
Notary Public
Collections, Legal Work and Fire Insurance
Special Agent
PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

J. C. JAMES, JR.,
UNDERTAKER.
Licensed Embalmer
Licensed by the State Board of Health

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores.
Dec 19 01 71

Dr. F. H. Swartz,
DENTIST
Office on Lake street
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co
has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire
129 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

I DON'T KEEP FURNITURE
I sell it. Why? Because I give you better goods for less money. And I still have a few bargains in stock left from the big men's stock at 25 cents on the dollar.
L. B. GRICE, ANTIOCH, ILL.

ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff
of Antioch
Correspondents.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Mr. Gullidge was a Grayslake visitor Wednesday.

Mr. J. Pester was a Chicago passenger Wednesday.

Mrs. McMahon was a Chicago visitor last Monday.

Mr. J. O. MacLean spent Sunday with his family here.

Dan Wolf of Allendale is working for Mr. R. Sherwood.

Miss Nettie King made a flying trip home last Friday.

Mrs. C. G. Nelson returned from Chicago Friday evening.

Mr. Charles Fairman's son, wife and baby are visiting them.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hamlin are now occupying their own house.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Barret spent a few days of last week in Chicago.

Miss Bessie Daymont is visiting Miss Hattie Miller of our town.

Mr. John McMahon has been spending the past few days in Chicago.

The editors of the Grayslake Enterprise was seen on our streets last week.

Mrs. Chas. Hamlin and Mrs. James MacLean spent Friday in Chicago.

Mr. L. Rogers and Mr. P. M. Lund transacted business in Chicago Friday.

Mrs. John Nadr was called to Chicago Friday night by the death of her sister.

The Hamlin Bros. have a contract for building five new cottages at Fox Lake.

Mr. H. Potter took his children and LaBaron Gratz to see Ringling Bros. circus.

Mrs. Geo. Farrow accompanied her brother, Mr. Alfred Palmer, back to Evanston.

Mrs. R. A. Douglas spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Hughes.

The Ladies Aid society will give a basket social in the Woodmen hall on Thursday evening April 28.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Daniels gave a flinch party last Tuesday evening, a pleasant time was enjoyed by all.

The seven men who are building the Bohemian Club house at Crooked Lake are boarding at John Nader's.

The Current Events club met last week with Miss Mildred Hamington at Allendale, a very pleasant afternoon was spent.

Miss Laura Lee gave a flinch party at her home, Monday evening, and a very pleasant time was spent by all who attended.

Mr. Wm. Bradley, our genial mayor, is once more seen on the streets, after having been confined to the house by a short illness.

The funeral of Mr. John Tebester was held at the home of Mr. E. Wilton, Monday afternoon. The interment was at the Angola cemetery.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church meets every Sunday evening at 6:45 every body welcome. The meeting next Sunday evening will be conducted by Miss Ethel Collins.

The Junior League held a social at the parsonage last Friday evening. The children amused themselves by playing games, after which light refreshments were served and all departed declaring they had spent a very enjoyable evening.

The district Junior League held their rally at the Grayslake M. E. church last Saturday. Antioch and Lake Villa were represented, Lake Villa having the honor of having the most representatives present. The visiting leagues were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. E. Wald and it is needless to say the children enjoyed the meeting very much.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Miss Mary Tonia has been quite ill with the jaundice.

Mrs. Frank went to Chicago Tuesday to remain several days.

Mrs. T. P. Walsh spent last week with relatives at McHenry.

Mrs. F. Fritsch entertained Miss Nina Pratt of Waukegan over Sunday.

Mrs. F. C. Wilbur and Doris spent part of last week with her sister in Waukegan.

W. B. Higley attended the Knight Templar lodge at Waukegan on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Dr. Darby and children spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Mead.

Mrs. Gardiner, who has been laid up with a severe cut in the foot with glass, is able to be around now.

Mrs. Spring came from Burlington on Friday evening and on Saturday went to care for her daughter, Mrs. Davies, who is quite ill with the measles.

The Junior Epworth League held a meeting here with the Antioch and Lake Villa leagues and an interesting meeting held.

The house known as the Wm. Bradley house now occupied by Chas. Hall and family, was sold to a widow lady from Chicago who will move here.

Many were grieved to learn of the sudden death of Mrs. Newton Thompson, nee Florence Jacobson, daughter of Mr. Jacobson of this place, at her home at Marsles, Ill., on Friday April 15, at the age of twenty-three years. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband, a baby daughter four days old her father, two brothers and one sister, Mrs. James Sherman of this place. The interment took place at Joliet.

Mr. and Mrs. N. White spent Tuesday in Chicago where Mrs. White's aunt, Mrs. Shultis of Waukegan, underwent an operation at one of the hospitals for cancer, it being her last hope, but she passed away shortly after the operation. The remains were brought here on Wednesday to the home of Mrs. Culver near Lake Villa. She was one loved and respected by all and passed away at the age of seventy-four years. The bereaved ones have the sympathy of their many friends.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Harold Lee returned to Evanston last Saturday.

E. C. Martin and Mrs. Lee were Chicago visitors this week.

Mr. George Stewart's daughter, Florence, is visiting with relatives here.

Mr. Frank Strang of Marshfield, Wis., is visiting his grandmother, Mrs. George Strang.

The C. E. topic April 24: What Christ can do for darkest Africa—Isa 45:11-10. Harold Minto, leader.

Don't forget the teachers' medal contest given under the auspices of the W. O. T. U. Saturday, April 28.

The Jolly Workers' club will meet with the Misses Margaret and Bertha White next Saturday afternoon, April 28.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Cummings have moved to Waukegan where they will make their future home. Their many friends are sorry to lose them.

A marriage license was issued to Lyburn D. Stewart and Lizzie M. McFarland last Thursday in Chicago. Mr. Stewart was formerly of Millburn. Congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stewart attended the wedding of their son Lyburn last Thursday in Chicago. Mrs. Stewart spent the remainder of the week visiting relatives and friends.

TREVOR, WIS.

Mrs. Kennedy is entertaining company from Chicago.

Fred Ames of Waukegan called on Trevor friends Sunday.

Geo. Beasley, of St. Paul was calling on Trevor friends last week.

Mrs. Smithbauer is entertaining a daughter and family from Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Rolfe are rejoicing over the arrival of a son on Monday, April 18.

Herbert Robbins left Tuesday for the state of Washington to visit his son, Harry.

Those on the sick list are Mrs. Geo. Booth, Mr. Chambers and Mr. Meeklenberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Pullen of Antioch visited their daughter, Mrs. Jacob Drom and family over Sunday.

Among those who attended the Silver Lake cemetery society on Wednesday last at Mrs. Loth were Mrs. Isa Brown, Mary Fleming and Mrs. Geo. Patrick and Sarah Patrick.

Mr. Sam Stewart, of Minnesota, spent a few days of last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Stewart. He will sail for Copenhagen accompanied by his wife who will receive medical treatment there.

BRISTOL, WIS.

F. F. Smith and family were visitors in this burg on Sunday last.

Mrs. Frank Murphy, of Phoenix, Arizona, visited with Dr. Stevens and family on Tuesday.

A. M. North, Thomas Fleming and Ira Brown have had Bristol telephones put in their residences.

A. DeVuyet was in New Munster on Friday looking after the interests of the Bristol Telephone Company.

The tile works are going to begin the season with an enlarged plant. Mr. Willett, the proprietor, is having a new kiln built and also an addition to the drying room.

The dance given by the six young men was well attended, considering the windy weather of Friday evening, and although not a financial success, was a perfect social success.

It is announced that a choir of at least twenty voices, under the direction of a competent instructor, will furnish music at the services of the English M. E. church during the summer and fall. This is a step in the right direction and should be encouraged by all.

The "primary" for the selection of three delegates to the county convention was held on Monday at the Town Hall. The usual struggle for control of the delegates is now on, and we may expect to hear of much "wire-pulling" until after the fall election.

While out driving Sunday, F. Mitchell and family had a run-away and Mrs. Mitchell was quite seriously injured. The bit of one of the bridles broke and the bridle on the other horse became loose and the team started to run. Mr. Mitchell succeeded in guiding the team into a narrow fence. Mrs. Mitchell was picked up in unconscious condition and Dr. Stevens was hastily summoned. At present writing (Monday) Mrs. Mitchell is recovering slowly.

A Pipe Dream.

(With Apologies to L. A. E., Chicago Journal.)
Bring on the opium pill, Wan Bun, and place it here, where I
May reach it easily, when done, my nerves are all
Ah, now I'll take it Wan, and put it in the pipe.
How strange it seems to see the spring! the berries
Are all ripe!
And tall sunflowers in the garden trim,
Are now drooping and about to swim!
The robins, feathered all in pink,
Are just awake, the bobolinks,
Happy in his coat of red,
Is shovelling dirt to make a flower.

The grass is blue, the sky pea green,
And on a canvas, stretched between,
Is painted "Look! Young Spring has come!"
The little lambskins, in their fleeces black,
Are eating pumpkins near the clover stack!
How cute those boys look, with their purple hose,
Drawn tightly on to shield their toes.
And now the Gophers, robed in pink,
Retreating from a booby I think,
Are standing on their heads in glee
And wearing off their glorious spurs!

What! I'm awake and see but snow?
Where are the flowers all so white?
Alas! the very grass—it's winter still!
And, though it may, no Spring is in sight!
Come Wan, just bring another pill—
A large one this time—put it right!
I want to sleep a month or two
And wake no more 'till Spring is in sight.
This damned weather'll kill me yet,
The rheumatiz' returns again—
Oh, bring the pill—be quick Wan Bun!
I'll go to sleep and kill the pain.

Makes a Clean Sweep.

There nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures, burns, sores, bruises, cuts, boils, ulcers, skin eruptions and piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by J. H. Swan, druggist.

Home for Yale President.

By the death of Mrs. Henry Farnam, who passed away not long ago, Yale will receive a permanent home for its president. According to the terms of the will of the late Henry Farnam, his handsome residence in New Haven is to go to the university upon the death of his widow and his son, Prof. Henry W. Farnam, to be used as the home of the president. The home is filled with art treasures which will also pass to the university. The gift is valued at \$250,000.

Out of Politics Permanently.
John F. Shafroth, the Colorado man who resigned his seat in congress, has quit politics for good. His name has been mentioned for governor and congressman at large, but he says he will now practice law, working for his family and not for any political party.

You cannot cure piles by external application. Manzan is put up in a collapsible tube, with nozzle, and is applied where most needed. Manzan stops the pain, soothes, cools and cures. Sold at Swan's drug store.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a booklet telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Birmingham, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Birmingham, N. Y., on every bottle.

EXTRA APRIL VALUES IN SEASONABLE Merchandise

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OUR LINE IS COMPLETE.

WE OFFER broken lines of LADIES SHOES in sizes 2 1/2 to 5 1/2 at 50c per pair, worth originally \$2 to \$3.

IN CLOTHING we offer odds and ends in ALL WOOL SUITS at \$3.50 to \$7, worth in regular stock \$5 to \$7.

FULL STOCK OF HARDWARE, PAINTS, OILS, D. M. FERRIS GARDEN SEEDS in bulk or package

IN FACT THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE AT LOWEST PRICES.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS,
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

INVESTIGATE

BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR SUPPLY OF PAINT

In these days of sharp competition it is well to see to it that you get what you pay for. There are so many brands of House Paints on the market nowadays, advertised as "Pure" (but little better than "dope") that a man ought to know positively what he is buying. We suggest to those about to paint to make a practical test and convince themselves. Buy a small can of Monarch Mixed Paint and one of any other brand with which you may have been favorably impressed, selecting about the same colors and paint out a few feet. Carefully measure the paint so that you use no more of one than the other. Thus, with the conditions the same, you can determine for yourself which paint has the better body or covering capacity, which spreads the smoothest and looks the best. If you do not decide in favor of the Monarch Paint we will refund the money you paid for the can of Monarch used in the experiment.

MONARCH PAINT is guaranteed absolutely pure and sold subject to chemical analysis.

MONARCH PAINT in point of covering capacity and durability is unsurpassed by any painting material made.

MONARCH PAINT being made of pure materials covers 25 per cent more surface, wears longer, and is more economical than adulterated paint.

A. N. TIFFANY & COMPANY
UNION BLOCK, ANTIOCH, ILL.

FURNITURE...

A NEW AND COMPLETE LINE AT RIGHT PRICES.

Window Glass of all sizes. Carpets ordered from samples. Window Shades and Curtain poles at

WM. H. OSMONDS, Antioch, Illinois.

LIVER TROUBLES

"I had Theford's Black-Draught a good medicine for liver disease. It cured my case after he had spent \$100 with doctors. It is the medicine I take."—MRS. CAROLINE MASON, Parkersburg, W. Va.

If your liver does not act regularly go to your druggist and secure a package of Theford's Black-Draught and take a dose tonight. This great family medicine frees the constipated bowels, stirs up the torpid liver and causes a healthy secretion of bile.

Theford's Black-Draught will cleanse the bowels of impurities and strengthen the kidneys. A torpid liver invites colds, biliousness, chills and fever and all manner of sickness and contagion. Weak kidneys result in Bright's disease which claims as many victims as consumption. A 25-cent package of Theford's Black-Draught should always be kept in the house.

"I used Theford's Black-Draught for liver and kidney complaints and found nothing to equal it."—WILLIAM COFFMAN, Marblehead, Ill.

THEFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

R. W. Churchill,

Attorney-at-Law
Grayslake, Ill.

Will be in Antioch every Tuesday

F. HENRY YORKE, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon

Special Attention to Women, Children and Nasal Catarrh.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:00 to 10:00 a. m.
2:00 to 9:00 p. m.
Phone 201.

C. H. BARBER, Oph. D.
Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing.

Remember Dr. Barber makes a specialty of the Eye.
Olcott House, Main St., Antioch.

BEE'S Laxative HONEY AND TAR

An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels. Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.

PREPARED BY
Pineale Medicine Co., Chicago, U. S.
Sold at Swan's Drug Store.

FREE! Knowing what it was I will give FREE OF CHARGE any afflicted a positive cure for Eczema, Rheumatism, Piles and Skin Diseases. Don't suffer longer. Write WILLIAMS, 6 West 190th St., New York.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Renews the hair, makes it new again, restores the freshness. Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning gray, for it always restores the color. Stops falling hair, also.

The Secret Dispatch

By JAMES GRANT

CHAPTER XIX.

An exclamation of dismay and grief escaped Balgonie on beholding this appalling spectacle; the weird and ghastly horror of which was enhanced by the uncertain light in which it was exhibited, and which imparted a wavering and almost life-like action to the corpse, as with its long hair floating, head and arms pendulous, it swung to and fro in the morning wind against the castle wall.

"The Lord have mercy upon us!" cried Basil Merowitz, covering his face with his hands, and permitting the musket with which he had armed himself to fall to the ground with a clash, which, together with his most mournful exclamation, alone broke the silence.

"Behold," said Bernikoff, in cruel triumph. "This is your emperor—now let him lead your troops. Doubtless he will make a fine figure on the Imperial throne."

"Oh! Bernikoff!" exclaimed Basil, "you are like Judas, as we may see him at the Kazan Church—one hand on the mouth denoting treachery, and the other on a bag of money."

"Thou liest, lieutenant! my fingers know more of the grip of steel than of gold," said the other furiously, as he hurled the hilt of his broken saber at the speaker.

"So—so—this has been your work and decision? Thou art a cruel judge; but remember the law of Peter the Great—"

"Which makes the judge answerable for his decision. Then shall I content me, traitor, and be answerable for my decision as well as for its execution. I have done my duty to the Czarina."

"You have done a deed for which hell must blush and angels weep," was the forcible reply of Merowitz, who seemed so overcome by grief and horror as to lose all self-possession; for he now ordered his men to disperse to the woods—to seek safety in flight; and then calmly taking off his sword and belt and sash, he threw them on the ground, saying:

"Since my Imperial master is dead, further resistance would be vain in me. He was almost immediately afterward struck to the earth and made prisoner by Lieut. Tschekin, who, with a party of dismounted Cossacks, had stolen through the casemates and galleries to a postern opening on the rear of the drawbridge, and there, after firing a confused volley with their pistols and muskets, fell with their sharp crooked sabers upon the now thoroughly disheartened adherents of Merowitz. Lieut. Usakoff and Jagouski alone made any vigorous resistance, resolving not to be taken alive.

Fighting desperately, almost back to back, the former armed with the saber of Mazepa and the latter with a musket, and both bleeding from many wounds, they were driven through the outer gateway toward the town. On the pathway Jagouski stumbled over a comrade and was taken; but Apollo Usakoff, with a shout in which triumph and despair were mingled, leaped into the Nerva, the waters of which swept him away, and he was seen no more by his pursuers.

When Tschekin's Cossacks joined in the melee with the fugitives, Balgonie sprang through the wicket, sword in hand, resolved to succor his friend at all hazards; and fortunately arrived just in time to save him from the bulky giant Nicholas Tschekin, who, with a clubbed musket, was about to give him a blow that must inevitably have proved fatal.

Paulovitch he ran through the heart, and spurning him off the blade with his foot, hurled the snoring ruffian to the ground, and raised his friend, with the assistance of a soldier and Lieut. Tschekin.

"Made prisoner, and by you, too, Carl!" said Basil reproachfully and in a low voice. For he was faint with wounds and bruises.

"By me, but to save you."

"Seek rather to save Natalie, if you can," he whispered; "she is, she is—"

"Where, where?" said Balgonie, impetuously and imploringly.

But there was no reply. Basil had fainted, and was borne into the Castle of Schlussburg, a prisoner of state.

Balgonie never saw the face of his friend again!

So ended for a time a scheme, the importance of which was only equalled by its bold realization; the scheme of two subaltern officers to revolutionize the vast empire of Russia, and to subvert the firm dominion of Catherine II.; and such was the terrible sequel to the "Secret Dispatch" of Balgonie.

Day had completely broken when he was summoned by Bernikoff. Shuddering as he passed through the court of the castle and under the very window where the corpse was yet swaying mournfully to and fro in the morning breeze, Charlie sought the presence of this detestable personage, the thunder of whose wrath he feared was about to descend upon himself.

He found the colonel in his shirt sleeves and almost covered with blood, which was flowing from a wound in his breast and another on the head, from whence it was trickling to the ends of his long and silky-gray mustaches. To both of these cuts the barber was about to apply dressings, while the patient looked himself by scheming out some dreadful punishment for Jagouski, who, with several others, had fallen into his gentle hands.

Balgonie, whose thoughts ran chiefly upon how to discover and succor Natalie, was roused to attention by Bernikoff saying grimly:

"Carl Ivanovitch Balgonie, for aiding in the capture of the rebel Merowitz, I thank you; suspicious I had, but they are gone. You are now, perhaps, to resign the Regiment of Snipers, and shall bear a dispatch from me to Lieut. Gen. Weismann and Lieut. Col. Cuschkin, relating the affair of the last twelve hours. Most of all, prepare it, and I shall sign it. Place a feather in the seal, lest the captain linger as he did at Louisa. Nay, look not at me thus, Scott. God willed it that Prince Ivan should be put in my charge; and the devil, together with my duty to the Empress, inspired

me to destroy him. What is done is done, and is the will of God; and you know, or ought to know, our Muscovite proverb—the Czar is high, and God is everywhere!"

"Three times has this old reprobate mentioned that terrible name, and each time bowing his sinful head!" thought Charlie, with disgust and wonder.

"Hah!" resumed Bernikoff, pursuing his own thoughts, and clenching his teeth in rage and pain, "did that suckling of a lieutenant think to deceive me—I, who have been forty years in the Russian army, and have to deal with the most cunning scoundrels between the Black Sea and the Baltic! Jagouski, too, I'll fill his mouth with gunpowder, put a fuse between his teeth and blow his head off!" He gnashed his teeth with pain, and added, "Be ready to ride in an hour, captain; till then, leave me!"

CHAPTER XX.

The empress's court of Secret Chancery soon decided on the fate of Basil Merowitz, his father, and his cousin, Mariolizza, who had been passive, though suspected in the matter, had their cases taken into future consideration, so they were kept close prisoners while their property and possessions were given up to pillage and military execution. Basil was condemned to be broken alive upon the wheel; but the empress, who had a particular tenderness for handsome men, "mitigated his punishment to the less severe one of being beheaded."

A brief paragraph in the London Gazette of the 23d of October records this brave fellow's death, just fourteen days after his rash affair at Schlussburg:

"M. Merowitz, in pursuance of his sentence, was publicly beheaded on Wednesday last; he behaved at his execution as he had done throughout the whole transaction with the greatest resignation. Six of the soldiers and under-officers who were engaged with him were so severely whipped that it is said three of them are since dead. Many more are to be punished. One, Usakoff, a lieutenant, who was privy to the design, was accidentally drowned."

Notwithstanding his rank and years, Merowitz was retained in a dungeon among a number of miserable Russian rogues and Polish prisoners, clad in filthy sheepskin, many of them being afflicted with the terrible disease known as matted hair, which hung over their necks in matted lumps, every tube being swollen and dilated with globules of blood, and there he died.

The lower vaults of Schlussburg were those built by Ivan the Terrible for the reception of a few of the revolutionists of Novgorod, after he had put twenty-five thousand of her citizens to the sword. They were prisons like the frightful cells of the Bastille; those of the Inquisition, or of old castles of the Middle Ages—a rival to that of Chillon to which Byron's genius has given a greater name than ever its terrors won it. One of the lower vaults of Schlussburg was a den, the floor of which was below the rocks whereon the seals of Ladoga basked in the sunshine, and which was consequently liable to be flooded during those inundations that, at certain seasons, overflow all the country for a great way north, so that no crops will grow upon the eminences.

Vaulted with stone, it was nearly square, and measured twelve feet each way, with a floor that sloped down at one end, having been unconsciously when the rock was pierced; and from a portion of this rock sprang the solid arch of granite blocks which formed the roof. A narrow slit, six inches broad by twelve high, and having even in that small space a thick iron bar, admitted to the interior a feeble ray of light. This slit was partly built of stone, but its sill was the living rock of Schlussburg. It opened toward the lake, but gave no prospect save the clouds.

The prisoner, when seated on the stone bench which formed a bed or seat beneath, could only see the changing hues of the sky, and know by the darkness which gradually obscured this mere shroud that day was passing away, and that another night, chill, dark, dreary and hopeless, was at hand.

As the floor sloped down some twelve inches or more, the lower end was always full of water, into which the slime that gathered on the vault of the arch fell at intervals with a regular splash that, to the silent and apparently forgotten prisoner, became maddening in its monotony of sound, by day and by night, morning and evening, by dawn and by sunset. Then, as the tides rose and fell, or as the waters of the vast inland lake of Ladoga are affected by the Baltic stopping the downward flow of the Nerva, or by rains flooding the many tributaries that join them, so did this dark pool in the dungeon rise and fall, when the current forced through secret and unknown channels or granules in the granite rocks.

It was in this vault, or one of those adjoining—such a den as that in which Dante placed his demon—that the wife of Count Orloff, the beautiful daughter of the Empress Elizabeth, was drowned, ten years after the date of this history, when the waters of the Nerva rose ten feet; and, as they subsided, bore her body to the Gulf of Finland.

No one could live very long in such a place—low, damp, cold and horrible. And well did Bernikoff know this, when, in the blind transports of rage and agony resulting from his double wounds, he barbarously consigned Natalie Merowitz to such a place—ay, even Natalie, the soft and delicate, the high-bred and tenderly nurtured daughter of Merowitz; and she had now been in the underground vault for three days and nights—seventy-two hours—which to her had resembled a horrible and protracted nightmare.

She was ignorant as yet of her brother's execution, a week before. Betrayed by one of their most trusted adherents, as the price of his own liberty, she and Katinka had been taken. Of the fate of the latter she knew nothing. For herself, the poor girl only knew she was placed there to await the pleasure of her oppressors and the grand chancellor.

Hope was dead, completely, in her heart; and though the desire to live was strong, her former life seemed all a dream, or something that had happened long, long ago.

Crouching on a damp pallet that lay on the couch of stone, her hair disheveled, her dress more than ever torn, discolored and disordered, her snowy hands and arms stripped of every ornament and ring, her tender feet well nigh shoeless, her eyes half closed and surrounded by dark inflamed circles, her cheeks sunk and haggard—it would be difficult to recognize in her the once beautiful and brilliant Natalie, whose coquetry had excited the ready jealousy of Catherine; the Natalie of the imperial salons at Moscow, at Oranienbaum, or the palace of Tsarsky Selo; or the Natalie of that princely old chateau near the Louisa—the proud, bright-eyed and beautiful girl whom Charlie Balgonie had loved and worshipped as a goddess.

She was pale as white marble—cold as death—a prey to utter confusion rather than profound grief. When she did show herself to calm reflection and the realities of her position, thought well-nigh drove her mad.

Her old father—his sturdy figure, his venerable beard and white eyebrows, his silver hair quivered by a simple ribbon, his quaint old-fashioned costume of the first Peter's time, rose vividly before her, and with a rush of memory came all the peculiarities of disposition, his warmth of heart, and temper, his kindness and irritability, his pride of race and family. Where were they now?

Her lover, too—his voice, and eyes, and gentle manner came next, to add to her pangs—for him, too, must she relinquish forever. No shelter was there now for her save the cold grave, which was perhaps to receive them all—Basil, Usakoff and Mariolizza.

Suddenly a scream escaped her; she was in total darkness. Amid her sleep or stupor a fourth night had come on—a night of storm, too, for she heard the roar of the autumn rain as it descended like a vast sheet upon the lake without. Cold and slimy things had often crossed her slender ankles, making her shiver and shudder; but now she became sensible that her feet were completely immersed in water; that the wind was blowing without and rolling the waves against the rocks, and that the current of the lake was flooding the floor of her vault and rising fast within it.

It rose with appalling rapidity, and now the terror of a dreadful death made Natalie utter a succession of piercing shrieks, mingled with prayers to heaven. But her cries were unheard, for the same cold, icy tide that flooded her cell filled all the corridors by which it and others on the same floor were approached.

Rapidly it rose, this dark, silent and terrible tide—rapidly and without a sound.

She sprang upon her stone couch, but already the pallet was floated away. Up yet rose the invading water, and it was soon nearly to her waist, and raining and shuddering cries were mingled with her prayers. A little more and the narrow slit through which she could hear the howling wind and see the black clouds carrying past one red and fiery northern star—the last gleam of life and of the outer world—would vanish from her eyes, as she perished in that miserable tomb, even as the Princess Orloff and many others have done, helpless and unheeded in their dying agony, drowned miserably like the prison rats that swarmed around them.

In the last energies of her despair she made her way to the enormously thick door which closed this trap of stone, and, applying her lips to the joints, shrieked loudly again and again for succor, and beat wildly and fruitlessly with her tender hands upon its massive planks and iron bolts.

Her brain seemed bursting, for she was suffocating as the air lessened. She thought she saw a red light shining through the cracks of the doorway, but whether this was fancy or reality it was impossible to say, as a faintness came over her, and she sank down choking and drowning in the flood that rose within the walls and against the door of the prison.

(To be continued.)

BEARS ARE BAD IN ALASKA.

Their Ravages Among Cattle and Sheep Are Most Destructive.

From Alaska comes a Macedonian cry for help to put a stop to the ravages of the big bear in that peninsula. Senator Foster, of Washington, has received the plea and in mentioning it says that if President Roosevelt wants a glorious hunt for ruin he can tell when the great game is plentiful. The Alaska variety of bear is said to weigh from 1,500 to 1,800 pounds.

A recent letter in Mr. Foster's mail from Seattle tells the story. "We shipped 300 head of cattle and 9,100 breeding ewes to Kotzeb, Alaska, last spring," writes a firm of packers from that city. "The bears have been getting into the bunch and have killed 503 up to date. During the mixup about twelve bears were slain. About thirty days ago two bears got into the sheep and after killing twenty-one sheep and tearing the coat off one man the bears were killed. The United States marshal on hearing of this had all our men arrested for killing the bears. Five of our men were compelled to stand trial at considerable expense to us."

"The bears are very numerous on the island," concludes this letter, "and since they have tasted sheep the sheep are badly scared and are continually piling up. Unless something is done with the bears they will put us out of business."

Senator Foster is puzzled as to just how he can help his constituents in their plight. They assert that "a bounty of at least \$5 a head should be placed on bears for a year or two in order to clean them out."

Not What He Said.

The man who can neither hear correctly nor quote accurately is the victim of a little joke in the Philadelphia Ledger.

"I think you must be mistaken, sir," he said.

"What about?" asked his neighbor in the crowd.

"Didn't I just hear you say you were glad the war in Bulgaria was over?"

"Not exactly. I said I was glad the war was over in Bulgaria."

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

FOR NEW PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Sundry Civil Bill Contains Several Items of Interest in This State.

Items of interest to Illinois in the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was passed by the House of Representatives in Washington are continuing work on the Chicago public building, \$500,000, and rent for the temporary postoffice, \$28,758. Other public building items contained in the bill are: Champaign, \$20,000; De Kalb, \$18,750; Jacksonville, \$10,000; Kankakee, \$20,000; Oak Park, \$10,000; Ottawa, \$16,000; Pekin, \$20,000; Sterling, \$10,000; and rent for temporary quarters at Springfield, \$7,000. For completing and installing the plant and purchase of tools for the manufacture of small arms at the Rock Island arsenal an appropriation of \$75,000 is provided. The bill also contains a paragraph providing for the erection of officers' quarters at Rock Island, \$13,500; for machinery and shop fixtures, \$10,000; for care, preservation and improvement of the Rock Island bridge, \$10,000; and for operation of the bridge and lock, \$12,500. An appropriation of \$5,000 is made for continuing the improvement of the harbor at Waukegan. The House agreed to a provision providing for the purchase of eighty-four acres of land adjoining the military post at Fort Sheridan lying between the post and the Chicago and Northwestern Railway. This ground will be used as a drill ground. For maintaining the Soldiers' Home at Danville an appropriation of \$372,000 is authorized.

MANY SPARTA STORES BURNED.

Firemen Assisted by Volunteers Succeeded in Checking Flames.

Sparta was visited by a disastrous fire, which for several hours menaced the business district along Broadway. The fire started in the Stormont block, on West Broadway, constructed of frame and tin, and in a short time the entire building and the adjoining building on the left were doomed. The smoke was so dense that the fire fighters found it almost impossible to get near enough with the hose to control the fire. A large volunteer company of several hundred was formed to save the surrounding buildings. Several times they gave up in despair, but were encouraged by the fire changing. The large building, owned by the W. J. Hood Dry Goods Company, and the Stormont block on the right appeared to be doomed, but by excellent work by the volunteer bucket brigade, combined with the engine corps, the fire was confined to the Stormont block and Mrs. H. Wollington's building. Many firemen were severely burned about the face and hands, and two were crippled by falling timbers. The total loss is about \$50,000.

TRUANT OFFICER IS DEFIED.

Parents of Springfield Lad Taken in Charge by Sheriff.

Taken in charge by Sheriff Edwards and held at the county jail until the court could take cognizance of his case, Fred Samuels and his wife Viola felt the strong arm of the law in Bloomington for a rather unusual case. They are the parents of a boy, Ray Samuels, 13 years old, who is one of a good many truant lads whom neither threats nor persuasion could induce to attend school. Superintendent Stables sent the truant officer to the house of the Samuels family, but the parents defied the officer and used abusive language in expressing their defiance. Finally the matter was brought to the attention of County Judge Russ, who ordered Sheriff Edwards to take the recalcitrant parents in charge. The whole case was then explained to the county judge, who then ordered a fine of \$5 on the parents. The latter, beginning to realize their position, became very penitent and the fine was finally suspended on promise of good behavior. Samuels and his wife are colored people.

BROODS OVER GIRL'S SUIT.

Young Man Blows Off His Head with a Shotgun.

John Lawrence Stricklin, 25 years old, committed suicide at his home, three miles north of Harrisburg, by shooting his head off with a shotgun. An inquest was held by Coroner J. R. Barker. It developed that Stricklin had been keeping company with Miss Minnie Tate, a neighbor, who had made serious charges against him in a sensational suit. He declared his innocence, but compromised the case by paying her a large sum of money. Stricklin brooded over the matter and bought a pistol with the intention of killing the man whom he believed to have made a scapegoat of him, but he lost the pistol. Going to his home, he took a shotgun, saying he was going hunting. A short distance from the house he pulled off his shoe, placed the muzzle of the gun in his mouth and with his toe pulled the trigger and blew his head off.

MRS. WILLIAM HILL DROWNS.

Boat Capsizes in Current While Passing Under Wire.

Mrs. William Hill, wife of a prominent farmer living in the Hidden Mill neighborhood, was drowned near Shelbyville. The accident occurred while Mrs. Hill was attempting to cross the river in a small boat. A wire had been stretched across the stream for the purpose of guiding the boat. The wire ran under the wire and in that way was overturned. When the accident occurred other persons in the boat held to the wire and were able to reach the shore. Mrs. Hill floated away from the wire and went down. The husband of the unfortunate woman was on the east side of the stream, an eye witness to the catastrophe.

GOES TO SERVE UNDER KNOX.

Judge R. P. Goodwin Off to Washington for New Federal Duties.

Judge R. P. Goodwin of Alton has gone to Washington to accept the position of Assistant United States Attorney General, assigned to the Postoffice Department. His appointment was secured by Senator Hopkins. Judge Goodwin served for twenty years as judge of the city court of Alton and Elgin.

State News in Brief.

The March stamp business at the Chicago postoffice amounted to \$1,065,000, breaking all records.

Walter G. Seibert, who was shot by robbers in his drug store in Chicago, died from the effects of his wound.

John D. Lester, for thirty years a prominent business man of Tuscola, died at San Antonio, Texas, of apoplexy.

Harvey Van Dine, Chicago car barn bandit, has accepted the Catholic faith and says he is happy and ready to die.

Joseph Leiter has been sued for \$500 alleged to be due a New York tradesman for coal burned on Leiter's yacht last summer.

The State convention of the Master Horsemen's Men's Protective Association elected M. Huenning of Chicago president.

Winfield Scott Palmer, the last surviving brother of the late United States Senator John M. Palmer, died at his residence at Litchfield, aged 85 years.

A spirited election was held in Vienna, over the question of establishing a township high school. A large vote was polled and the question lost by 127 votes.

"Skin-tight" trousers, long-tailed coats with brass buttons and silk bands and helmets make up the new uniform designed for South Park "sparrow cops" in Chicago.

Rev. Dr. George McClellan Pike, rector of St. Stephen's Church, Providence, R. I., has been elected bishop confederator of the Springfield diocese of the Episcopal Church.

Whitfield Brooke, tax assessor for Venice township, has been arrested on an indictment charging him with complicity in the operation of the poolroom at Madison.

John Freeman, a Harvey annocketper, was convicted of killing Cornelius Van Zandwick, the testimony of the murdered man's 4-year-old son being the strongest against the prisoner.

A coroner's jury blamed the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad for the deaths of three Indians and the injury of twenty-three others in a rear-end collision at Melrose Park.

Arion Rusbrocher of Clyde, 35 years old, died at the Chicago Homeopathic hospital, as the result of a bullet wound in his head, received, it is said, in an attempt to commit suicide.

The new superintendent of the Chicago Relief Aid Society will be S. C. Kinley, who will come from Boston, where he has been general secretary of the Boston Children's Friend Society.

Because Ruth Sarah Boardman, 13 years old, was compelled to do the work of a servant, Judge Brown took the little girl from her foster parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Boardman, in Chicago.

William Moratz, 42 years old, committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas through a tube attached to a gas jet in his barber shop in Chicago, and it was two days before his body was discovered.

While more than a hundred persons stood powerless to aid, Harry Gunnison, 11 years old, was burned to death by electric wires at the Center street station of the Northwestern "L" in Chicago.

The Chicago board of education will establish a washing department for girls, and the boys will hereafter be required to wash their own trousers "skin-tight" in short pantaloons being exempt, of course.

John M. Smith, 55 years old, a pioneer business man of Chicago and later a well-to-do farmer at Dundee, died at his home in Dundee. He came to Chicago in 1835 and started in a fur and hat business under the firm name of J. A. Smith & Co., 118 Lake street. In 1850 he went to Dundee. He leaves one son, J. R. Smith, supervisor of Dundee.

The crows of Winnebago County are shrieking their caws with unwonted emphasis nowadays. The big hunt which was projected to exterminate them has been called off. The sport was planned in the alleged interest of the farmers, but the latter held an indignation meeting in which they resolved that they would rather have the black fellows jerking up seed corn by the root than to have the Rockford sports knocking about over their premises.

An eloping couple from Chicago arrived in Milwaukee the other night, well dressed and spending money freely. The groom registered at the T. McGee at the Schiltz Hotel, but declined to disclose the maiden name of his wife. The father of the young woman, who likewise refused to give his name, pursued the couple to Milwaukee, and, after a noisy interview at the hotel, forgave the young people and persuaded them to return to Chicago with him.

Leaving a message of failure in a verse of poetry scribbled on a slip of paper, Marie Wing of Chicago drank carbolic acid in the Huntington Hotel, in Aurora. A quarrel with her sister is said to have caused her to leave her position with a downtown department store and go out of the city to end her life. A sealed letter addressed to the sister was left, with the request that it be mailed without opening. The names of the car barn bandits and Mimmie Dunne were also written on an envelope.

Rev. Joseph M. Cormack, pastor of the Methodist Church at McHenry, has commenced a habeas corpus proceeding in the Illinois Supreme Court to gain possession of his 4-year-old son, Kimball M. Cormack, who is now in the custody of the child's grandfather, Thomas Marshall of De Kalb County. The child was born Feb. 18, 1900, and a few weeks later his mother died and he was placed in the custody of his aunt, Mrs. Mary Ernest. Later she placed the child in the custody of the grandfather and the little one has since been with him. Mr. Cormack states in his petition that he never consented to the surrender of the child and that he has used every persuasive means possible to induce the old gentleman to give up the boy without avail. The minister says he is abundantly able to care for and educate the child. Since the death of his first wife he has remarried.

GALESBURG HAS FATAL FIRE.

Two Men Killed, Loss \$100,000 and Girls Flee from Knox College.

Two firemen were killed and Galesburg suffered a loss of \$100,000 in a fire which destroyed the high school building. Firemen John Slater and Al Anderson were killed by a falling wall. The fire caught in the furnace room and had gained a great start when discovered. The flames communicated to the manual training department adjoining and spread rapidly to the upper floors. Breaking out through the roof, the sparks threatened the large seminary of Knox College and the college church. The girls packed their personal effects and many of them left the building, seeking safety in private houses and hotels. The entire fire-fighting force of the city, with the volunteer force of the Burlington Railroad, fought the flames, which at midnight they succeeded in confining to the high school building.

DEATH BLOW FOR OLD CANAL.

Illinois and Michigan Water Way Loses Last Chance.

The Illinois and Michigan Canal Commission, which for years has been a plaything of politicians, received its death blow on the other day when the Illinois Supreme Court, sitting in Springfield, denied a petition for a rehearing of the case of Representative Richard Burke of Chicago against the canal commissioners, State Auditor McCullough and State Treasurer Bussie. The court also struck from the files an appendix by which the canal commissioners endeavored to eject other issues into the case. The only resort now for the canal commission is the Supreme Court of the United States, but an appeal is not expected. The suit, which now succeeds, was brought to prevent the expenditure of a large sum of public money in the maintenance of the obsolete canal.

ILLINOIS PIONEER DIES IN OHIO.

Charles A. Beecher, Adviser of Abraham Lincoln, Is No More.

Word has been received of the death at Marysville, Ohio, of Charles Albert Beecher of Cheltenham. Death came suddenly from heart disease while visiting a niece. Mr. Beecher was a close friend and confidential adviser of Abraham Lincoln and was a delegate from Illinois to the national convention which nominated Mr. Lincoln in 1860. From 1858 to 1868 he was a member of the Illinois Republican State central committee. It was he who in 1861 assisted in obtaining for Ulysses S. Grant a commission as captain in the Illinois volunteer service. In 1881 he removed to Cheltenham and was active in merging the Ohio and Mississippi Railroads, and in the Ohio and Ohio Southwestern. He leaves a large fortune to nephews and nieces, having never married.

SHOT FIRED THROUGH WINDOW.

Attempt at Assassination Is Attributed to Jealous Rival.

While seated at a reading table in the residence of John Sensel at Maus Farm, twenty miles south of Waterloo, Hugo Hoffman, aged 39, was probably fatally shot in the groin by unknown parties. The shooting occurred at 9 p. m. With Hoffman were Laura Sensel, aged 16, a school teacher, and younger sister. The older Sensels were absent. The shot was fired through a window, the perpetrator escaping owing to flight of the young girls who waited two hours before going to the nearest farm house, distant one mile. The delay will probably cost Hoffman's life. The jealousy of some unknown rival for the affections of Miss Laura Sensel is believed to have inspired the crime.

TEACHERS CHOOSE OFFICERS.

Illinois Association Selects Officers for Next Meeting Place.

At the recent meeting of the Southern Illinois Teachers' Association in Cairo, Olney was selected as the place for holding the meeting next year. The following officers were elected: President, William H. Kinney of Tamaroa; first vice president, J. M. Hill of Mount Vernon; second vice president, C. P. Boyer of East St. Louis; recording secretary, Mrs. Sarah Conant of Pulaski County; corresponding secretary, Miss Inez Brunton of Marion County; treasurer, W. S. Booth of Mount Carmel; financial secretary, C. F. Easterday of Vandalia; and Renzo Muckelroy of Shawneetown.

CAIRO HAS DISASTROUS FIRE.

Several Buildings Destroyed and Loss Is More Than \$50,000.

A fire in Cairo completely destroyed the Fair department store, with a loss of \$25,000. The building was owned by Louis Zimmerman of Chicago and the loss thereon is \$12,000. John Ashley, auctioneer, loss \$8,000; building owned by H. Bernstein, \$5,000; L. Pelling, tailor, building, loss \$3,000. The total insurance is about \$30,000.

BATTERY D FOR WAUKEGAN.

Adjutant General Scott Authorizes Militia Establishment There.

Battery D, I. N. G., for so many years located in Chicago and which disbanded recently, is to be reorganized in Waukegan as a result of an order by Adj. Gen. Scott. The authorization of the establishment of the battery is largely due to the efforts of State Representative George R. Lyon and his son, Col. Charles Lyon, who is a member of Gov. Yates' staff.

BIG GAINS BY ILLINOIS BANKS.

State Institutions Show Increase in Reports of March 22.

The auditor of public accounts has issued a statement of the condition of State banks in Illinois on March 22, as compared with Dec. 30, 1903, when the last statement was made. The statement shows an increase in resources of \$26,008,703; in loans and discounts of \$5,107,108; in surplus funds of \$1,087,150; and in savings deposits of \$7,038,023.



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls, Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries.

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality—often it is never recovered, Miss Pratt says.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run-down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months."

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—Miss ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.—\$5000 forfeit. If original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$4.00, \$3.50, \$3.00, \$2.50
UNION SHOES
MADE IN THE WORLD

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make. The reason is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and have greater intrinsic value than any other shoes.

Sold Everywhere.
Look for name and price on bottom. Douglas uses GORHAM CO. CO., which is everywhere connected to the finest Patent Leather yet produced. Fast Color Eyelets made. Shoes by mail, 50c extra. Write for Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

\$8.00 OUTFIT FREE.

A new black hat, \$2.50
A pair of black shoes, \$2.50
A pair of black socks, \$1.00
A pair of black gloves, \$1.00
A pair of black handkerchiefs, \$1.00
A pair of black ties, \$1.00
A pair of black belts, \$1.00
A pair of black shoes, \$2.50
A pair of black socks, \$1.00
A pair of black gloves, \$1.00
A pair of black handkerchiefs, \$1.00
A pair of black ties, \$1.00
A pair of black belts, \$1.00



Send no money but write to-day to
GENTS' COMPLETE OUTFITTING CO.,
Dept. 475, 542 Market St., Chicago.
Sole agents for the West, Chicago. Capital \$100,000.

S. N. U. No. 17-1904

It is affiliated with Thompson's Eye Water

See Eyes, use

Discontent with Work.
That there is much discontent with work among the so-called middle classes in America is due in large part to the pampering of children, to the supplying of their natural and artificial wants and to the sentimental idea that "their day of toil will come soon enough." In general, work is not a curse, but a blessing—a positive means of grace. One can hardly begin too early to impress upon children lessons of self-help by tasks appropriate to their age and forces and to beget in them scorn of idleness and dependence on others. To do this is to make them happy through the self-respect that comes with the realization of power and thus to approximate Tennyson's goal of man, "Self-reverence, self-knowledge, self-control."

Free to Twenty-five Ladies.
The Defiance Starch Co. will give 25 ladies a round trip ticket to the St. Louis Exposition, to five ladies in each of the following States: Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, who will send in the largest number of trade marks cut from a ten-cent, 10-ounce package of Defiance cold water laundry starch. This means from your own home, anywhere in the above named States. These trade marks must be mailed to and received by the Defiance Starch Co., Omaha, Neb., before Sept. 1, 1904. October and November will be the best months to visit the exposition. Remember that Defiance is the only starch put up 16 oz. (a full pound) to the package. You get one-third more starch for the same money than of any other kind, and Defiance never sticks to the iron. The tickets to the exposition will be sent by registered mail Sept. 6. Starch for sale by all dealers.

Prophecy Was Timely.
There is an old story of a French king's astrologer, who made a false prediction concerning the issue of a certain battle.

"You are an excellent prophet," said the king, casting a vicious glance at him; "now pray tell me how many days you think you will live?"

"I shall die just three days before your majesty," answered the wily seer.

His majesty took good care to keep him alive.—Youth.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and the last few years have been so unfortunate for a great many years, doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Patient Waiting No Loss.
Friend—You have been engaged for the past two years, and can well afford to marry. Why don't you do it?
Mr. Kissen (gloomily)—I am waiting for her pet dog to die.

BEST—Get the Hyde Patent Reel.
The Hyde Patent Reel for Farm Wagons and Business Wagons. Agents wanted. Sells quick; good profit. Write to: Hyde Patent Reels, 10 S. Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.

Cheap men are those who consider their honor outvalued by a certain amount of money.

Piso's Cure for Consumption always gives immediate relief in all throat troubles.—F. E. Bierman, Lelaps, Ohio, Aug. 31, 1901.

Every always implies conscious inferiority wherever it resides.—Pliny.

Old Sofas, Backs of Chairs, etc., can be dyed with PUTNAM FAD-LESS DYES.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York.

Special dispatches from correspondents of the International Mercantile Agency report general trade activity throughout western and southwestern territory. Advance business in some lines shows a decline from last year, with buyers everywhere very cautious, ordering only such supplies as are actually needed.

Textile manufacturing is quite generally depressed, with 30 or 40 per cent of machinery idle in some sections. New England advises report unsatisfactory trade conditions as a result of the partial shutdown of cotton mills and the decision of prominent Fall River manufacturers to curtail production from now on. Unless relief is forthcoming a general shutdown seems probable by July or August. Southern centers show falling off in dry goods compared with 1903 and 1902 figures. Boots and shoes and clothing are about normal. The Baltimore district shows good trade, with signs of fast recovery from fire disturbance.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth sections have not yet recovered fully from the effects of the severest weather encountered in years. Spring business now is fairly well under way, and the large jobbing houses are handling relatively larger orders than they reported at this time a year ago. Crop conditions in that section are good. The flour mills are doing a heavy business in flour, receiving generally higher prices. These reports reflect conditions prevailing generally throughout the Northwest, where the outlook seems excellent for a prosperous year.

Rochester district reports nursery shipments fully a month late. Orders for spring and summer clothing run much ahead of last year. Shoe orders are considerably less than 1903.

Conditions in iron and steel are generally strong. The price of iron has advanced recently, but fluctuating sharply, have not moved sensationally and are somewhat improved.

Advices indicate continued ease in money. There has been considerable inquiry at New York for "over-the-year loans." There has been little inquiry for six-month loans, which are ordinarily in demand, because they would mature this year just before the presidential election. Although gold exports have been resumed, over \$3,000,000 having been shipped to Paris this week, the outflow is not likely to create a stringency or cause banks to restrict accommodations to legitimate borrowers. In spite of New York's billion-dollar loan account, the banks of that city hold surplus reserves that have been exceeded only three times at a similar period of the year during the last quarter-century. Most of the activity in the stock market is due to the operations of very rich men. Millionaire operators have been chiefly instrumental in forcing prices to a higher level. The public in general has held aloof.

Chicago.
Dun's Review, published by R. G. Dun & Co., says: Grain shipments, 2,207,032 bushels, are slightly over one-half under those of a year ago. The demand for breadstuffs ruled very light, and the closing prices of the previous week were not sustained. Corn fell 2 1/2 cents a bushel, oats 2 1/2 cents and wheat 1/2 cent. Provisions were also weak, pork declining 35 cents a barrel, lard 2 1/2 cents and ribs 20 cents. Receipts of live stock were 220,300 head, compared with 203,000 head a year ago. Heavy sheep gained 25 cents a hundredweight and reached the highest price this year. Heavy hogs fell 10 cents, and choice cattle declined 5 cents.

Bulk clearings, \$178,855,524, are 10.04 per cent over the same week last year. Money was quoted at 4 1/2 per cent for the best commercial paper. The demand for funds was better for mercantile and investment purposes.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.20; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.00 to \$5.35; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.75 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 97c to 99c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 53c; oats, standard, 37c to 38c; rye, No. 2, 67c to 68c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$14.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$10.50; butter, choice creamery, 22c to 23c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 16c; potatoes, \$1.04 to \$1.18.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.20; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.00 to \$1.02; corn, No. 2 white, 48c to 49c; oats, No. 2 white, 41c to 42c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.45; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 96c to 97c; corn, No. 2, 40c to 42c; oats, No. 2, 40c to 41c; rye, No. 2, 67c to 68c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.45; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, \$1.06 to \$1.07; corn, No. 2 mixed, 43c to 44c; rye, No. 2, 77c to 78c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 99c to \$1.03; corn, No. 3 yellow, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 3 white, 43c to 44c; rye, No. 2, 73c to 74c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 96c to 98c; corn, No. 3, 40c to 50c; oats, No. 2 white, 42c to 43c; rye, No. 1, 72c to 73c; barley, No. 2, 63c to 64c; pork, mess, \$12.25.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 98c to 99c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 40c to 50c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 40c to 41c; rye, No. 2, 71c to 72c; clover seed, prime, \$9.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$5.35; hogs, fair to prime, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.25 to \$3.50; lambs, common to choice, \$4.75 to \$6.40.

New York—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.04 to \$1.06; corn, No. 2, 52c to 53c; oats, No. 2 white, 45c to 46c; butter, creamery, 21c to 22c; eggs, western, 16c to 18c.

SHE WAS TAKING NO CHANCES.

Pain Not So Terrible to Woman as Risk of Telling Her Secrets.

She had been suffering for several days with a slight abscess, and when she decided to have it lanced her young husband accompanied her to the physician's.

"You are very brave, dearest," he said to her, as they waited for the doctor in the reception-room.

"Oh," she said, smiling sweetly, "you see, I'm going to take chloroform or gas or something."

"No! Oh, no!" he remonstrated. "You mustn't."

"Why, Jack, it won't cost so much more."

"Darling, how unkind! But, you know, sometimes patients die under chloroform."

"I'll risk that. Ah, doctor, my husband is trying to scare me with tales about patients who die under chloroform. Now you don't think—"

"Pshaw! There's no danger when the doctor understands his patient's condition," exclaimed the physician. And a few moments later:

"Will you kindly take hold of this sponge? By the way, just before you came in I was administering the drug to a man, and he was honestly quite amusing. He rattled on about his early love affairs—gave himself away in great shape."

"Oh!" cried the young woman in evident distress. Then, collecting herself: "Will it hurt dreadfully, doctor?"

"The lancing? No; with the drug you won't be any the wiser."

"I think I can manage without any drug, don't you know?"

"You might faint, dearest," put in the anxious husband. "And doctor says there's no danger in your case. You'd better take it."

"No, I think not," she said, throwing the sponge away and sitting bolt upright. "I'm going to show you men how a weak little woman can bear pain."—New York Press.

Precious Stones in America.

"It is a little strange," said Irving L. Russell, "that the United States, so far ahead in national resources of every other part of the globe in all essential things, should be so deficient as a producer of precious stones. I am of the opinion that there will be a big discovery some day of the most valued gems, probably in some out of the way corner of the land."

"I do not mean to intimate that we are exactly destitute of fine stones, but that those found are mostly of inferior quality as compared with the output of the old mines. In North Carolina a good many emeralds and rubies and sapphires are to be had, but they are not of sufficient value to warrant cutting. Some very fine pearls have been taken out of the shells picked up in the streams of Arkansas, and at one time the search for them down there amounted to a craze. Pearls, by the way, have gone up in price from 200 to 300 per cent in recent years."

"A great many semi-precious stones are mined in California, the turquoise found out there being especially beautiful, but lacking in hardness. Tourmalines also come from California in abundance."—Washington Post.

Dangerous Neglect.

It's the neglect of backache, sciatica, pain in the hips or loins that finally prostrates the strongest body. The kidney warnings are serious—they tell you that they are unable to filter the body's waste and poison from the blood—the severs are clogged and impurities are running wild to impregnate nerves, heart, brain and every organ of the body with disease elements. Doan's Kidney Pills are quick to soothe and strengthen sick kidneys, and help them free the system from poison. Read how valuable they are, even in cases of long standing:

L. C. Lovell, of 415 North First street, Spokane, Wash., says: "I have had trouble from my kidneys for the past ten years. It was caused by a strain to which I paid little attention. But as I neglected the trouble it became worse and worse until any strain or a slight cold was sure to be followed by severe pain across my back. Then the action of the kidney secretions became deranged and I was caused much annoyance besides loss of sleep. Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my notice, and after taking them a short time their good effect was apparent. All the pain was removed from my back and the kidney secretions became normal. Doan's Kidney Pills do all that is claimed for them."

A FREE TRIAL of this great remedy which cured Mr. Lovell will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address: Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Algy's Unanswerable Argument.

Cholly—That overcoat doesn't fit you, Algy.

Algy (proudly)—I bought this overcoat in Lunnon. It was made for the prince.

Cholly—Now, see here! You haven't allowed yourself to be fooled by any such clothing dealer's yarn, have you?

Algy (triumphantly)—I didn't get it of a clothing dealer. I bought it of a pawnbroker.

His Closeness.

Daughter—I don't see why you don't like Mr. Spooner.

Father—Well, for one thing, he's too close.

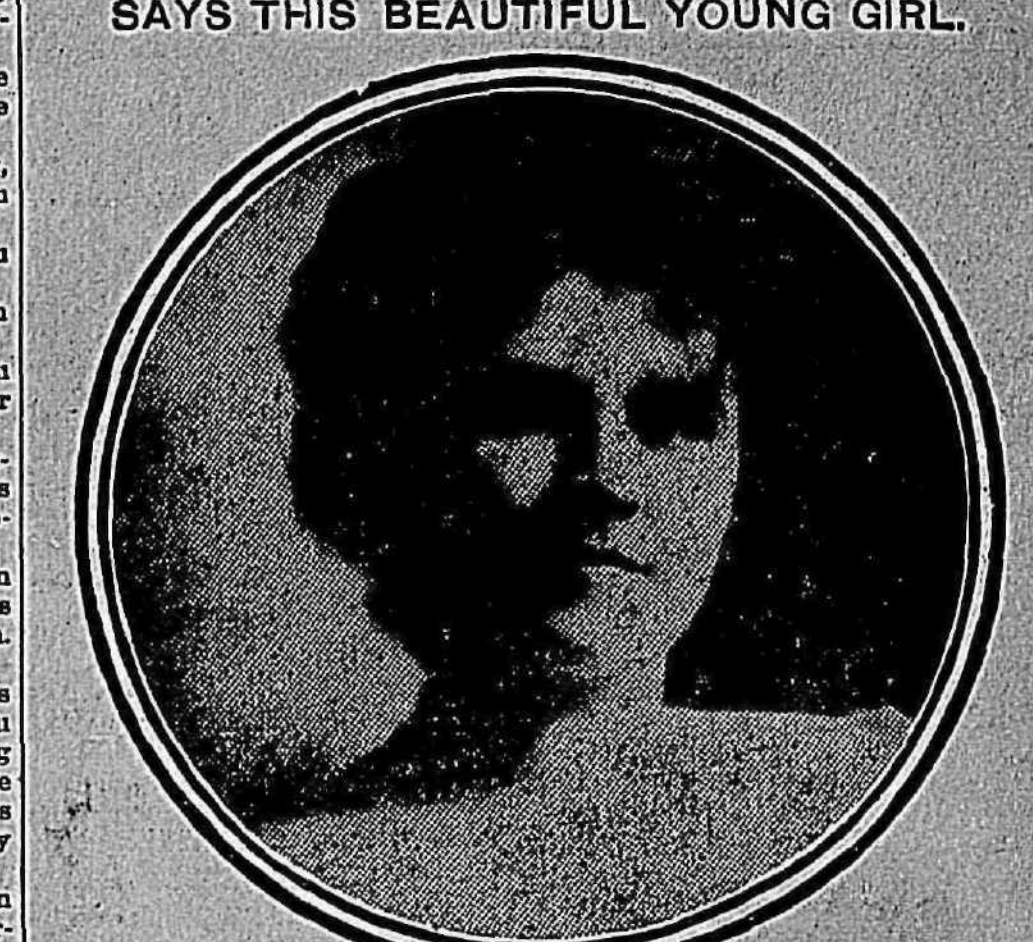
Daughter—Oh, father! Were you mean enough to spy on us last evening?—Philadelphia Ledger.

Lewis' "Single Blinder" straight to the point. Made by hand of ripe, thoroughly cured tobacco, which insures a rich, satisfying smoke. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Where the speech is corrupted the mind is also.—Seneca.

"PE-RU-NA TONES UP THE SYSTEM IF TAKEN IN THE SPRING."

SAYS THIS BEAUTIFUL YOUNG GIRL.



MISS MARJORY HAMPTON, OF NEW YORK.

Miss Marjory Hampton, 2616 Third Avenue, New York City, writes: "Peruna is a fine medicine to take any season of the year. Taken in the spring it tones up the system and acts as a tonic, strengthening me more than a vacation. In the fall and winter I have found that it cures colds and catarrh and also find that it is invaluable to keep the bowels regular, acting as a gentle stimulant on the system. In fact, I consider it a whole medicine chest."—Miss Marjory Hampton.

PURE BLOOD.

Blood Impurities of Springtime—Cause, Prevention and Cure.

Dr. Hartman's medical lectures are eagerly scanned by many thousands of readers.

One of the most timely and interesting lectures he ever delivered was his recent lecture on the blood impurities of spring.

The doctor said in substance that every spring the blood is loaded with the effete accumulations of winter, deranging the digestion, producing sluggishness of the liver, overtaxing the kidneys, interfering with the action of the bowels and the proper circulation of the blood.

This condition of things produces what is popularly known as spring fever, spring malaria, nervous exhaustion, that tired feeling, blood thickening and many other ills.

Sometimes the victim is bilious, dyspeptic and constipated; sometimes he is

weak, nervous and depressed; and again he may have eruptions, swellings and other blood humors. Whichever it is, the cause is the same—effete accumulations in the blood.

Nothing is more certain within the whole range of medical science than that a course of Peruna in early springtime will perfectly and effectually prevent or cure this almost universal affliction.

Everybody feels it in some degree. A great majority are disturbed considerably, while a large per cent of the human family are made very miserable by this condition every spring.

Peruna will prevent it if taken in time.

Peruna is the ideal spring medicine of the medical profession.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address: Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Choclate

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c, 25c, 50c.

Druggists

The Money Went.

Uncle Wayback—I just tell you, the city is an awful place. Skin yeh alive there.

Farmer Meadow (gloomily)—That's so. "Eh? Did yeh meet some green-goods men while you was in the city?"

"No-o, but my wife met some dry goods men."

Mrs. Winslow's Sore Throat Syrup for Children soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 75 cents a bottle.

DO YOU COUGH?

DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Indigestion, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 60 cents.

FREE

Three dainty trial packages of perfect complexion makers. Send 10c to help pay for mailing. Address: KEMPS BALSAM CO., 100 West 14th St., New York City.

Miss Cloud

200 1/2 South 15th St. Philadelphia, Pa.

MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment

cures Sprains and Strains.

PISO'S CURE FOR

COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION

Write for free literature. PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION. Write for free literature. PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION. Write for free literature.

100 CARDS

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50,000 AMERICANS

Were Welcomed to

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA

FREE

They are settled and settling on the Grain and Grazing Lands of the Dominion and are rich and prosperous and contented.

Big Wilfred Laurier recently said: "A new star has risen upon the horizon, and is toward it that every immigrant who leaves his land of birth and comes to Canada and settles on one of the farms of the Dominion, there is a bright future for him."

ROOM FOR MILLIONS

For a descriptive Atlas and other information apply to SUBCOMMISSIONERS for Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or authorized Canadian Government Agents.

U. J. Broughton, 600 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN.

A Certain Cure for Eruptions, Constipation, Indigestion, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 60 cents.

SHIRT WAIST HOLDER AND SKIRT SUPPORTER

Pat. June 17, 1900

Any Tailor Adjustable to any shape. Holding trousers in place. One Size. Light Weight. Formed in every way. THE SPRING ROLLER. Every lady sending 25 cents. Address: RTAB, 1411 Broadway, New York City.

FOR SALE

Grandest invention of the age. Large. Easily used. Holds up trousers. Sample and particulars 25 cents. WILSON & SONS, 515 5th Avenue, Chicago.

TRY OUR WONDERFUL MONEY

Particulars 50c. Agents: Morgan Supply Co., Triangle, N. Y.

BIG MAIL WE MAKE IT FOR YOU

Sample. KIRK MAILING LIST, Jersey, N. J.

FREE

50 copies of our new book. Send no money. Address: WINDY SCREEN CO., Colorado Springs, Colo.

100 CARDS

With name and address, and a handsome engraved certificate. Send 50 cents. Address: J. H. BROWN, 111 N. 3rd St., New York City.

OSTRICH PLUMES

Black or white. 18 inches long. 50 cents. Address: Ostrich Plumes Co., 111 N. 3rd St., New York City.

S. N. U. No. 17-1904

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the advertisement in this paper.

